REPUBLIC BACK PATO

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1/72 SCALE SERIES KIT NO. JS-093



HISTORY

Of all the major American Air Force fighters of World War II, only the Republic Thunderbolt was powered by an air-cooled radial engine. The huge 2,000 hp. engine required an equally-large air-frame, thus the P-47 was the largest and heaviest single-engine, single-seat fighter to become operational during the War.

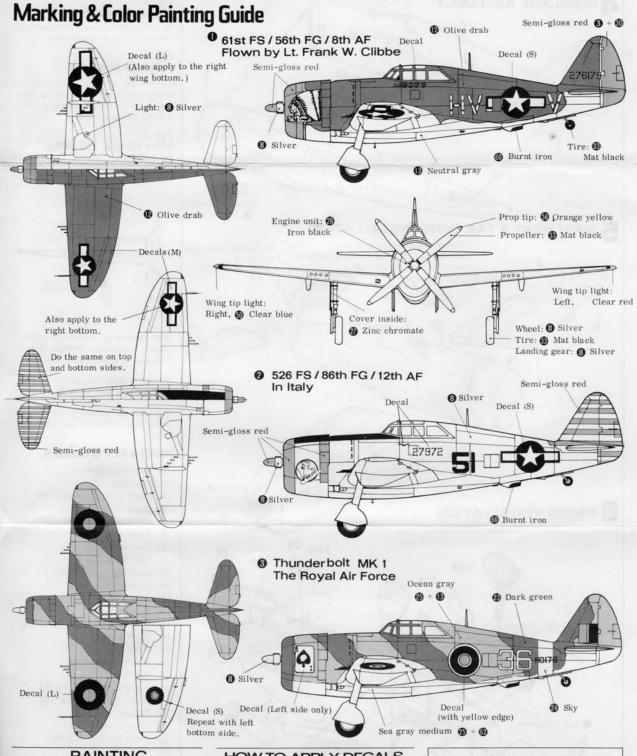
Despite its bulk, or perhaps because of it, the P-47 was one of the fastest fighters in the war and could outdive most anything in the sky. This fact was very upsetting to any enemy pilot who chose to leave a dog fight by diving to a lower level. An exhaust-driven turbo-supercharger permitted a service ceiling over 40,000 feet. The huge fuselage allowed enough internal fuel for a range of 835 miles. With external drop tanks a range sufficient to reach Berlin from England was achieved and Thunderbolts began escorting American heavy bombers right to the target and back,

Completed Model (Jeep: Mini Box Series)

As a fighter the rugged Thunderbolt was capable of combat at all levels and several aces ran up high scores in the Razorback version. Notable among these were Neel Kearby. Francis Gabreski and "Bud" Mahurin. Bulky it was, but the P-47 "Juggernaut" (or just plain "Jug") could compete with best of the world's fighters in the World War II.

MAIN DATA

Crew: 1 / Engine: One Pratt & Whitney R-2800-59, Eighteen-cylinder aircooled radial engine, 2, 300 hp. / Overall width: 12. 42m Overall length: 11.00 m / Wing area: 27.87 m²/ Max. speed: 697 km/h / Climbing: 6,100 m/9 min. / Ceiling: 12,200 m / Range: 1,658 km / Armament: Eight 12.7 mm machine guns / Bombs: 910 kg (Max.)



PAINTING

When painting the overall surface silver, paint 1. Cut out the decals and remove the film the nose red, tail wing red (stripe), nose top side olive drab, and then mask them. Paint the 2. Place in water for 20 seconds. overall surface silver. Other than this, paint 3. Slide off the decals from the paper and the under surface and then do the upper one. Paint the pilot seat around zinc chromate and 4. Press the transferred decals with a soft khaki green. On the engine unit, first paint in iron black, then paint in silver as accent.

HOW TO APPLY DECALS

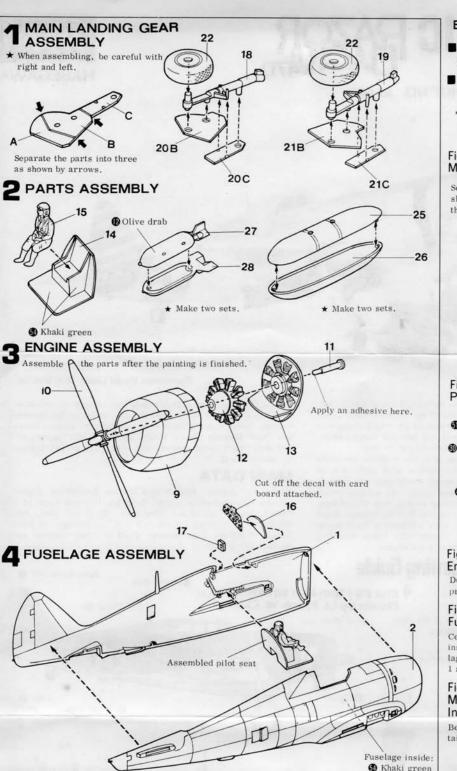
- covering.
- position it at the proper place.
- cloth and remove the moisture.

MODEL COLOR

To beautify your model, paint each parts. The model colors are numbered from 1 -Use wide brush to paint the wide area

and the pointed one for tiny parts.





BEFORE ASSEMBLING

- First read all the instructions and follow them when working on the model.
- Cut off the parts from the stem with a nipper or a cutter.
 - *After the parts are taken out, cut the bag in pieces to prevent infants from covering their head.

Fig. 1 Main Landing Gear Assembly

Separate the parts 20 and 21 as shown by arrows and cement them to the indicated position.

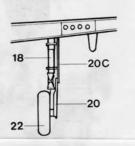




Fig. 3 Engine Assembly

Do not apply too much adhesive to the propeller. It is of movable,

Fig. 4 Fuselage Assembly

Cement the assembled pilot seat and instrument panel 16 to the left fuse-lage 1, and then cement the fuselage 1 and 2 together.

Fig. 5 Main Wing & Tail Wing Installation

Be careful with right and left on the tail wing 7,8.

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