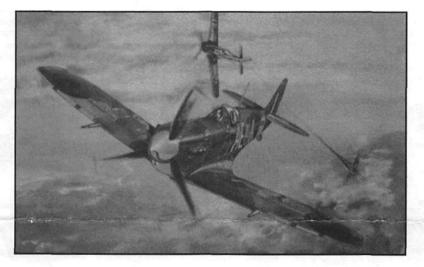
KIT 5941



SUPERMARINE SPITFIRE MK Vb

1/72 SCALE MASSTAB 1:72 ESCALA 1/72 1/72 ECHELLE



Considered to be a classic design in aviation history, Supermarine's Spitfire became the most famous British fighter produced during World War II. Beginning with the early versions that fought alongside the Hawker Hurricanes in the desperate Battle of Britain in 1940, the Spitfire was continually improved as the war progressed. More than a dozen major variants and sub-variants became operational during the war. Some Spitfires were also built for use by the Royal Navy and these were known as Seafires.

The Spitfire Mk V was a direct descendant of the Mk I and Mk II. The airframe was essentially the same, but the fuselage was strengthened so that a more powerful Rolls-Royce Merlin engine could be fitted. During Mk V production, the fabric which covered the ailerons was replaced with a metal skin.

There were several sub-variants of the Spitfire Mk V, and your ProModeler kit represents the Mk Vb. This version was armed with four .303-inch Browning machine guns with 350 rounds of ammunition for each weapon. Additionally two 20-mm Hispano cannon were also fitted, and circular ammunition drums provided sixty rounds for each cannon.

Two different wing tip designs were used on Spitfire Mk Vs. Most had the standard elliptical tip, but some had a clipped tip which was made out of wood. This shortened the wing span and thereby increased the aircraft's roll rate, although ceiling and rate of climb were slightly reduced. Both tip designs are included in this ProModeler kit as optional parts.

The decal sheet provides markings for three different Spitfire Mk Vbs. One is the aircraft flown by Wing Commander John A. Kent, who was the leader of the Polish Wing based at Northolt, Middlesex, England, during the summer of 1941. A few Spitfires were also flown by some U. S. Army Air Force units, and the second set of markings is for a Mk Vb that was operated by the 107th Reconnaissance Squadron of the 67th Reconnaissance This USAAF squadron operated from Group. Membury, U. K., in 1942. The third option is a Spitfire Mk Vb with the clipped wing tips. This aircraft was assigned to 402 Squadron which was based at Duxford during 1943. It was flown by S/L Jeff Northcott.

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READ THIS BEFORE YOU REGIN

- Study the assembly drawings. .
- . Each plastic part is identified by a number.
- Scrape plating from areas to be cemented.
- Check the fit of each piece . before cementing into place.
- Do not use too much cement to . join parts.
- Use only cement for . polystyrene plastic.
- Models may be painted to match photos on box.
- Allow paint to dry thoroughly before handling parts.
- Scrape paint from areas to be . cemented.
- For better paint and decal . adhesion, wash the plastic parts in a mild detergent solution. Rinse and let air dry.

LISEZ CE QUI SUIT AVANT DE COMMENCER LE MONTAGE

- Etudier les schémas d'assemblage.
- Chaque piece plastique porte un numéro d' identification.
- Grattez le chromage sur les surfaces a coller.
- Contrôler que chaque pièce soit bien cinfirme avant de la coller a sa place.
- N utilisez pas trop de colle pour réunir les pieces.
- Utilisez uniquement une colle spéciale pour polystyrene. Le modele peut etre peint
- conformement aux photos surboite. Laissez sécher la peinture
- completement avant de manipuler les pieces. Grattez la peinture sur les
- surfaces devante etre collées. Pour assurer la meilleure
- adhésion possible de la peinture des décalomanies, laver les pieces de plastique avecune légere solution savonneuse. Rinse et laisser secher a l'aire.

ABZIEKBILD

OUITE Y TIRE ENTFERNEN (ABFALL)

REMOVE AND THROW AWAY A RETIRER ET JETER

LEA ESTO ANTES DE EMPEZAR

- Estudie los dibujos de . ensamblaje.
- Cada pieza de plástico se . identificapor un número.
- Raspe el laminado de las superficies que serán pegadas.
- Verifique que cada pieza encaje bien antes de posición.
- No use demasiado pegamento paraunir las piezas.
- Use unicamente pegamento paraplástico de poliestitina.
- El modelo puede pintarse de acuerdo con las fotografias de la caja.
- Permita que se segue la pintura completa mente antes de tocar las piezas.
- Raspe la pintura de las superficiea que serán pegadas.
- Para una mejor fijacion de la pintura y de las calcoma nias lávense las piezas plásti cas en una solu-ción de detergente suave. Enjua-guense y dejense secar al aire.

ALLGEMEINE HINWEISE

- Die Anordnung der Bauteile ist den Zeichnungen der Anieitung ersichtich.
- Jedes Plastikeil ist durch eine Nummer gekennzeichnet.
- Dei Beschichtung muss von alien Klebestellen vorher entfernt werden.
- Die Teile vor dem Verkieben ungeleimt zusam-menhalten um iher Pass itz zu prüfen.
- Klebstoff nicht zu dick auttragen.
- Nur Modellbaukleber für Polystyrol verwenden.
- Man Kann das modell nach den fotos auf der schachtel anstreichen.
- Bemalte Teile vor der Weiterverwendung gut trocknen lassen.
- Die Farbe muss von allen späteren Klebestellen abgeschabt werden.
- Damit sie Farbe und die Abziehbilder kleben sind die Plastikteile in einer milden Seifenlauge z waschen. Dann abspülen und an der Luft trocknen lassen.

A REPETER PLUSIEURS FOIS REPITA VARIAS VECES ARBEITSGANG MEHRMALS WIEDERHOLEN



CEMENT TOGETHER A COLLER UNIR CON PEGAMENTO VERKLEBEN



OPTIONAL PARTS PIECES EN OPTION PIEZAS OPCIONALES BAUTEILE NACH WAHL

Every effort has been made to create and manufacture a model kit that is the finest available. If a part is missing, please write to:

Revell-Monogram Consumer Service Department 8601 Waukegan Road Morton Grove, Illinois 60053 Be sure to include the kit number, part number, description, and your return address.



PAINTING TIPS AND NOTES

REPEAT SEVERAL TIMES

MODELING TIPS

If you have any problems building this model, call our modeling tips hotline at:

(800) 833-3570

TO COMPLETE THIS KIT AS SHOWN, WE RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING PAINTS.

| ENGLISH | FS EQUIVALENT | ProModeler | GERMAN | SPANISH | FRENCH |
|------------|---------------|------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| DARK EARTH | 30118 | NA | HELL BRAUN | MARRON CLARO | MARRON CLAIR |
| DARK GREEN | 34079 | NA | DUNKELGRUN | VERDE OSCURO | VERT FONCE |
| DARK GREEN | 34092 | NA | DUNKELGRUN | VERDE OSCURO | VERT FONCE |
| OCEAN GRAY | 36152 | NA | GRAU | GRIS | GRIS |
| SKY | 34504 | NA | HELLBLAUGRÜN | AZUL CIELO | BLEU CIEL |
| GRAY-GREEN | 34226 | NA | GRAU-GRUN | GRAU-VERDE | GRIS-VERT |
| YELLOW | 33538 | NA | GLEB | AMARILLO | JAUNE |
| FLAT WHITE | 37875 | 88-0023 | MATT-WEISS | BLANCO | BLANC |
| FLAT BLACK | 37038 | 88-0022 | MATT SCHWARZ | NEGRO APAGADO | NOIR TRENE |
| SILVER | NONE | 88-0013 | SILBER | PLATA | ARGENT |

DECAL (DIP IN WATER) DECALCOMANIE (À PLONGER DANS L'EAU) DECALCOMANIA (MOJE CON AGUA)

STEP 1, COCKPIT ASSEMBLY



MODELING NOTE: The parts for this kit come on two trees of sprue. One tree is designated with the letter "A," and the second is designated with the letter "B." Designations for most parts in this kit begin with one of these two letters. This indicates which sprue tree the part is on. There are duplicate parts numbers, so be sure to remove the part from the correct sprue tree.

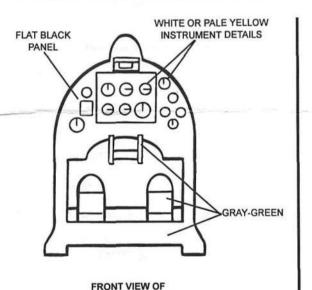


PAINTING NOTE: The interior of the cockpit should be painted gray-green. This British color is equivalent to the Federal Standard number 34226.

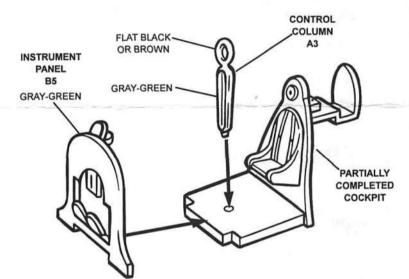
PAINT ALL PARTS BEFORE ASSEMBLY.

1. Glue the SEAT AND BULKHEAD (B4) to the COCKPIT FLOOR (A26).

2. Cement the AFT COCKPIT COMPARTMENT (A25) to the back of the SEAT AND BULKHEAD (B4).



VOLTAGE REGULATOR FLAT BLACK BROWN HEADREST See the last page of this instruction booklet for the placement of seat belt and shoulder harness decals. COCKPIT FLOOR AFT COCKPIT A26 COMPARTMENT GRAY-GREEN A25 GRAY-GREEN SEAT AND BULKHEAD R4 GRAY-GREEN



INSTRUMENT PANEL

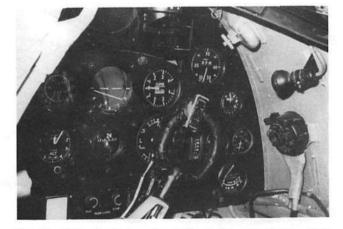
3. Refer to the last page of this instruction booklet and apply the seat belt and shoulder harness decals (17) to the seat.



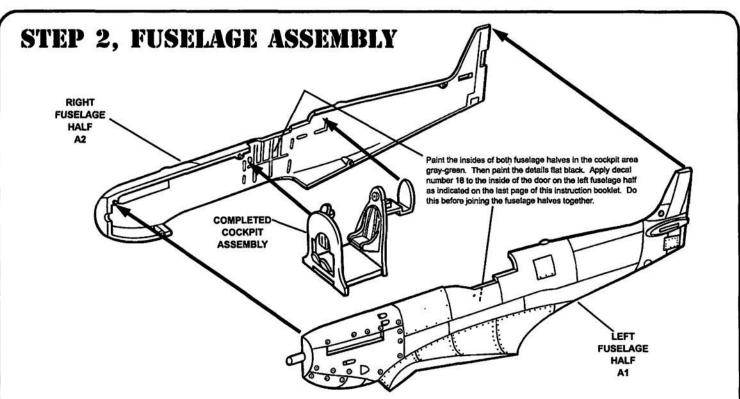
MODELING NOTE: Use a white or yellow colored pencil with a sharp point to highlight the details on the instrument panel. This will provide much better control than even the finest paint brush. If you make a mistake, simply erase it gently and start over.

4. Glue the INSTRUMENT PANEL (B5) to the PARTIALLY COMPLETED COCKPIT.

5. Cement the CONTROL COLUMN (A3) to the PAR-TIALLY COMPLETED COCKPIT.



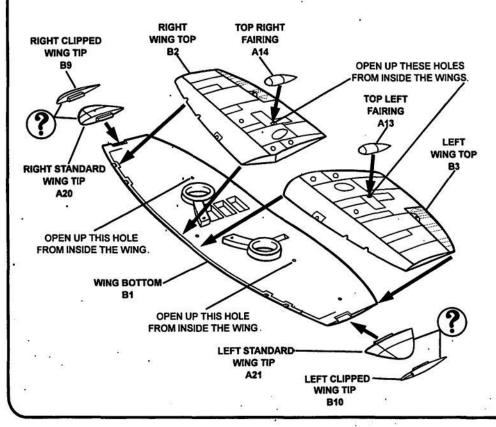
Details of the instrument panel can be seen here. Note that the circular handle at the top of the control column was wrapped tightly with black tape.



1. Paint the inside of the two fuselage halves gray-green in the cockpit area. Once this color has dried, paint the details flat black.

- 2. Refer to the last page of this instruction booklet and apply decal number 18 inside the left fuselage half.
- 3. Glue the COMPLETED COCKPIT ASSEMBLY to the inside of the RIGHT FUSELAGE HALF (A2).
- 4. Carefully cement the LEFT FUSELAGE HALF (A1) to the RIGHT FUSELAGE HALF (A2).

STEP 3, WING ASSEMBLY



PAINT ALL PARTS AFTER ASSEMBLY.

1. Use the point of a razor knife to open up the holes in parts B1, B2, and B3 as indicated in the drawing at left.

2. Cement the RIGHT WING TOP (B2) to the WING BOTTOM (B1).

3. Glue the LEFT WING TOP (B3) to the WING BOTTOM (B1).

4. Cement the TOP LEFT FAIRING (A13) to the LEFT WING TOP (B3).

5. Glue the TOP RIGHT FAIRING (A14) to the RIGHT WING TOP (B2).

6. Refer to the drawings on the last three pages of this instruction booklet and select one of the three aircraft for which markings are provided. Determine from the drawings of that aircraft if it has the standard wing tips or the clipped wing tips. If the Spitfire you have selected has the standard wing tips, glue parts A20 and A21 to the tips of the completed wing assembly. If it has the clipped wing tips, use parts B9 and B10 instead.

STEP 4, WING AND FUSELAGE ASSEMBLY

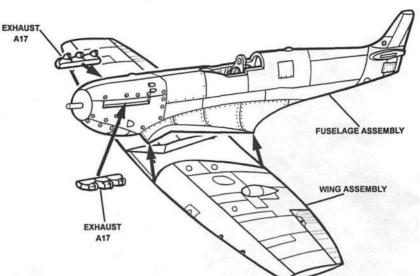
1. Carefully glue the WING ASSEM-BLY to the FUSELAGE ASSEMBLY.



PAINTING NOTE: The exhausts were a burnt metallic copper color. This can be represented by first painting these parts with copper colored

paint. Once this paint has set, dry brush it first with thinned steel colored paint and finally with flat black. Do this before gluing the parts in place.

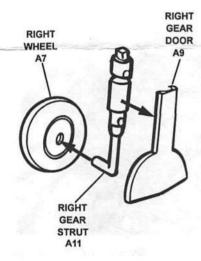
2. Glue the two EXHAUSTS (A17) in place on the sides of the forward fuse-lage.

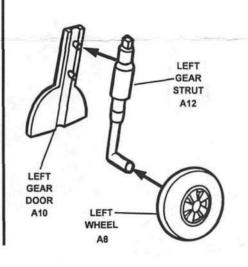




MODELING TIP: To avoid having to mask off the exhausts when the model is painted, you may prefer not gluing them in place at this time. Instead, place them aside until the model is painted, then glue them in place once all painting has been completed.

STEP 5, MAIN LANDING GEAR ASSEMBLY



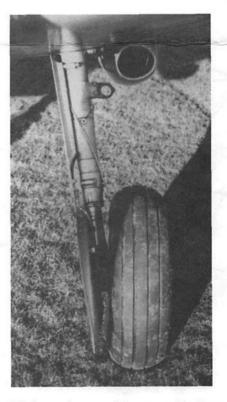


PAINT ALL PARTS BEFORE ASSEMBLY.



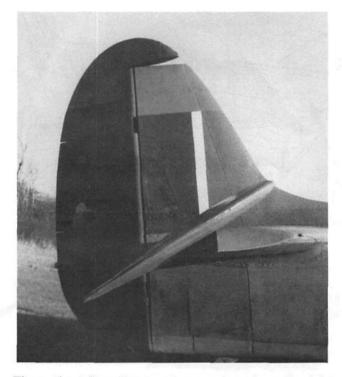
PAINTING NOTES: On British aircraft, the landing gear, to include the struts, doors, and wheels, were usually painted the same color as the underside of the aircraft. For the Spitfires represented in this kit, these parts should be painted Sky, FS 34504. The tires should be painted flat black or a dirty gray color.

- 1. Glue the RIGHT GEAR STRUT (A11) to the RIGHT GEAR DOOR (A9).
- 2. Cement the RIGHT WHEEL (A7) to the RIGHT GEAR STRUT (A11)
- 3. Glue the LEFT GEAR STRUT (A12) to the LEFT GEAR DOOR (A10).
- 4. Cement the LEFT WHEEL (A6) to the LEFT GEAR STRUT (A12).

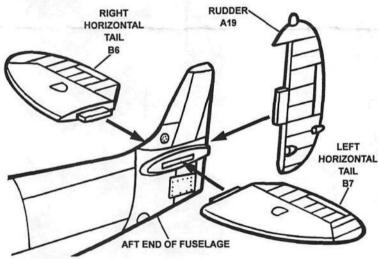


This front view provides a good look at the left main landing gear. Note the correct angle between the tire and the strut. The tire is mounted so that it is at an angle to the strut, but it is vertical to the ground. Be sure that you glue the wheels and tires to the struts at the correct angle.

STEP 6, TAIL ASSEMBLY

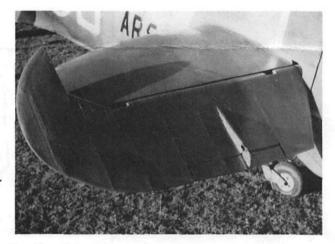


The entire tail section can be seen here from the right side. The light on the trailing edge of the rudder was white.





Additional details of the tail section can be seen from the left side. This particular aircraft does not have the usual mount for the radio antenna wire at the top of the rudder.



Details of the left elevator are illustrated in this photograph. The elevators and rudder were covered with fabric.

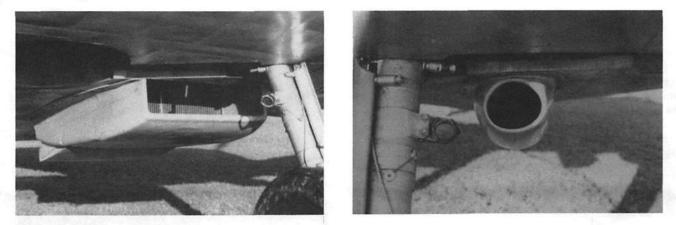
PAINT ALL PARTS AFTER ASSEMBLY.

- 1. Glue the RIGHT HORIZONTAL TAIL (B6) to the AFT END OF THE FUSELAGE.
- 2. Cement the LEFT HORIZONTAL TAIL (B7) to the AFT END OF THE FUSELAGE.
- 3. Glue the RUDDER (A19) to the AFT END OF THE FUSELAGE.
- 4. Carefully check the alignment of all three parts before the glue sets.

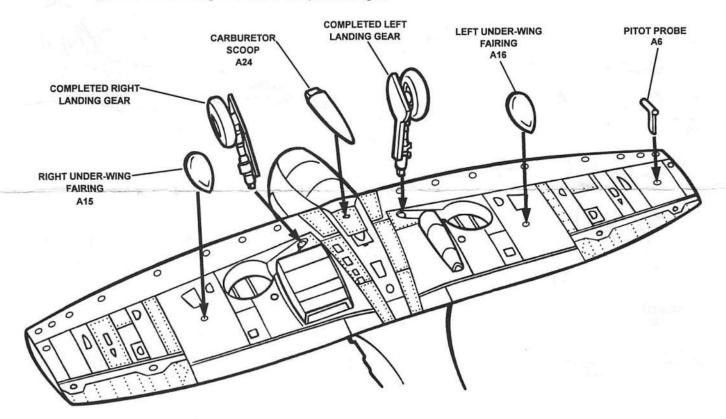


MODELING TIP: Now is the best time to check the assembly of the model for any cracks. Examine the seams where all parts have been joined together, and fill any cracks with modeling putty. Once this has dried, sand the putty smooth with modeling sandpaper. Spray a flat gray paint lightly over the seams as a primer. When the paint dries, check the model again for any cracks. If any are found, use more putty, sand, and apply another coat of primer. Once you are satisfied with the seams, continue with the next step.

STEP 7, UNDER-WING ASSEMBLY



Underside details are illustrated in these two photographs. At left is the radiator under the right wing, while the oil cooler fairing under the left wing is shown in the photo at right.



- 1. Glue the RIGHT UNDER-WING FAIRING (A15) to its position under the right wing.
- 2. Cement the LEFT UNDER-WING FAIRING (A16) to its location under the left wing.
- 3. Glue the CARBURETOR SCOOP (A24) in place under the center of the wing.



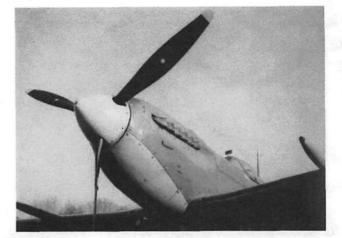
PAINTING TIP: Now is the best time to paint the camouflage scheme on your model. This is more easily accomplished before the remaining small details are added. Refer to the last three pages of this instruction booklet for information about painting the camouflage scheme on your model. Once the paint has dried, continue with the assembly of the model.

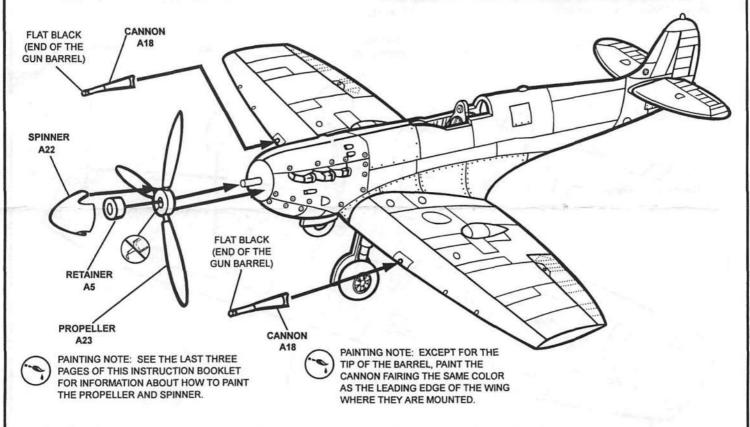
4. Cement the COMPLETED LEFT AND RIGHT LANDING GEAR to the underside of the wing. Check the photograph in STEP 5 to insure that you position each strut at the proper angle to the wing.

5. Glue the PITOT PROBE (A6) into the hole near the left wing tip. The PITOT PROBE should be painted the same color as the underside of the wing.

STEP 8, PROPELLER AND CANNON ASSEMBLY

Right: Although this photograph is of a Spitfire Mk Vc which had a different exhaust arrangement, the details of the propeller remain the same. Note the location of the logo on the propeller as well as the yellow tips. Painting instructions for the propeller and spinner can be found on the last page of this booklet.





1. Glue the two CANNON (A18) to the leading edge of the wings as shown in the drawing.

2. Paint the CANNON to match the camouflage scheme on the wing as illustrated in the last three pages of this instruction booklet.

3. Paint the PROPELLER (A23) and the SPINNER (A22) according to the instructions on the last page of this booklet. When the paint is dry, apply the appropriate decals to the PROPELLER.

4. Slide, DO NOT CEMENT, the PROPELLER (A23) onto the shaft at the forward end of the fuselage.

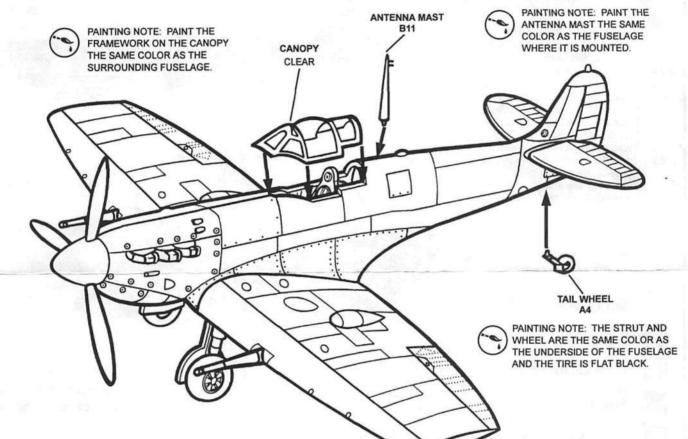
5. Slide the RETAINER (A5) in place on the shaft in front of the PROPELLER. Carefully apply a little glue between the shaft and the RETAINER to hold the RETAINER in place. Be sure not to let any glue touch the PROPELLER.

6. Use a toothpick to apply a very small amount of glue just inside the SPINNER (A22). Slide the SPINNER in place on the PROPELLER (A23). Be sure not to let any glue touch the front of the fuselage or any other part, or the PROPELLER will not spin. A water-based white glue is recommended for this item. If any white glue gets on the shaft, retainer or the forward fuselage, it can be broken loose and removed without damaging the model. The SPINNER can then be re-glued as necessary.

STEP 9, FINAL ASSEMBLY

Right: Details of the Spitfire's sliding canopy can be seen here from the left. On some aircraft, a rear view mirror was added above the canopy so the pilot could quickly "check six."





PAINT ALL PARTS BEFORE ASSEMBLY.

1. Glue the ANTENNA MAST (B11) in place on the spine of the fuselage.

2. Cement the TAIL WHEEL (A4) into the hole in the underside of the aft end of the fuselage.

3. Using a water-based white glue, attach the CANOPY (26) to the top of the fuselage.



MODELING TIP: Refer to the drawings on the last three pages of this instruction booklet, and note how the antenna wire ran from the top of the rudder to the antenna mast. A lead-in wire ran from the main wire down into the top of the fuselage. Use stretched sprue or fine nylon thread to make this antenna wire. You will have to drill a tiny hole in the top of the fuselage for the antenna wire to pass through.



Details of the tail wheel can be seen here. As with the main landing gear, the strut and wheel were usually painted the same color as the underside of the aircraft.

