

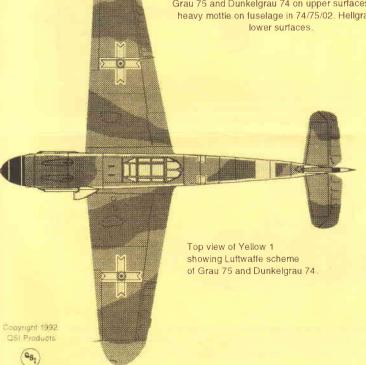
tricolour on the rudder. Eastern Front identification markings are also common, with a Yellow fuselage band, lower wingtips and nose.



Yellow 1 carries standard Luttwaffe grey scheme. Grau 75 and Dunkelgrau 74 on upper surfaces, with heavy mottle on fuselage in 74/75/02. Hellgrau 76 lower surfaces.

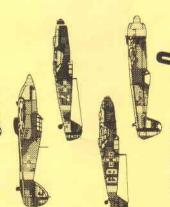
Bf-109G-4/R2 | Air Corps operating under I Fligerkorps, Ukraine 1943.

> Suggested kits: Bf-109E-4 - Airfix, shorn of rivets Bf-109G - rumors of one from Hasegawa Hurricane - Airfix #2067, plus DH prop LAR 80A - Pegasus or epoxy PZL P 24E - Modelland P 24G vac, converted

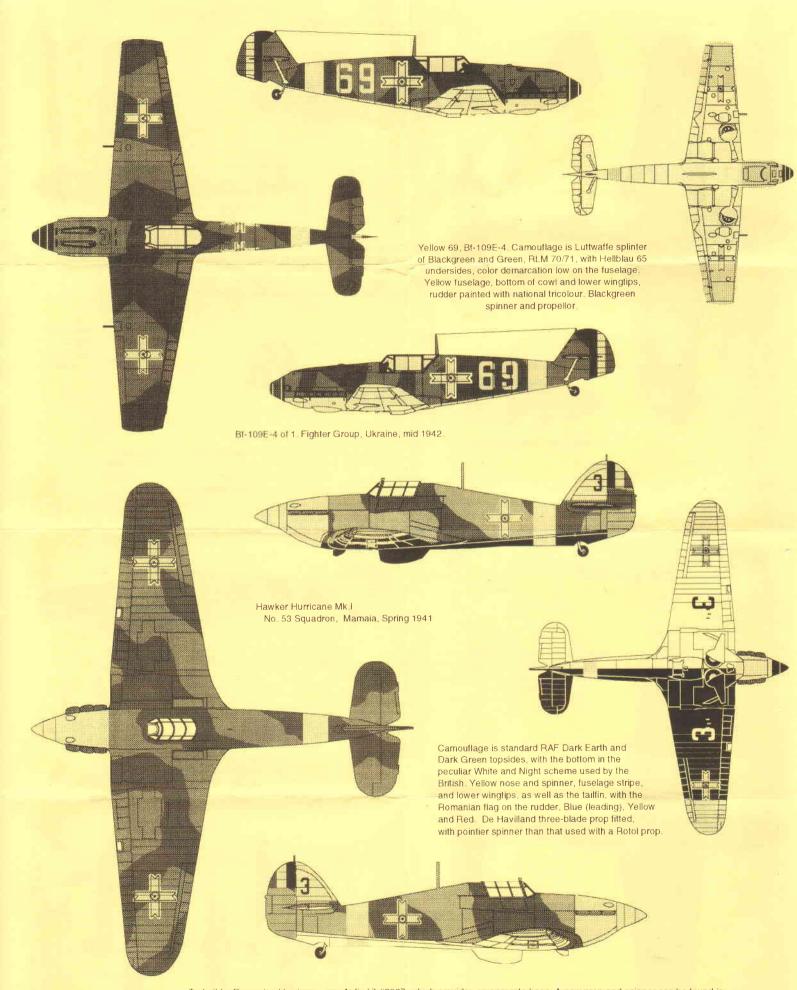


7118 - Romania - Bf-109E-4, Bf-109G-3, Hurricane, I.A.R. 80A, P.Z.L. P.24E

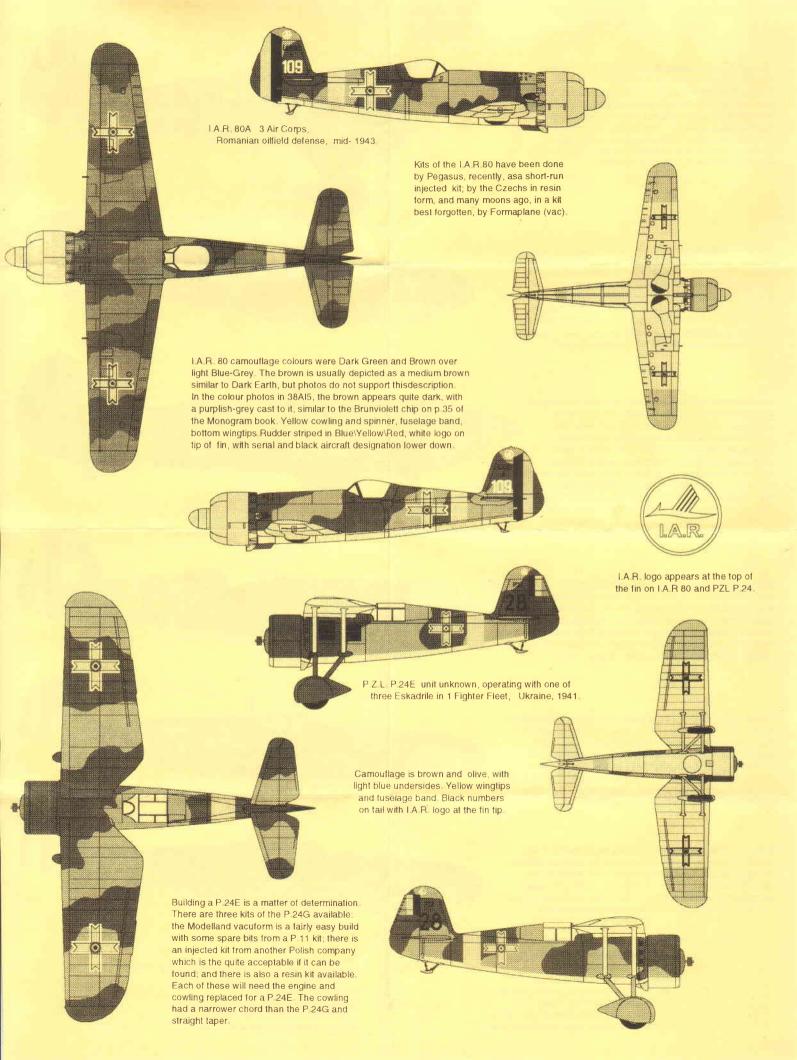
six aircraft



Aviation Usk. 602 Front Street, Usk, WA 99180



To build a Romanian Hurricane, use Airfix kit #2067, which provides an accurate base. A new prop and spinner can be found in kit #2042, which is ancient boilerplate best forgotten, apart from the prop and exhausts, which are also better than the later kit. The Hellairfix kit #2096 has nice detail but some noticable outline errors. Aeroclub, Falcon and others have accessory parts.



Through the 1930s Romania used mostly P.Z.L. fighters, the P.11b and then the P.24. From 1937, I.A.R. built 50 P.24Es under license, and from 1939 these aircraft flew with four Eskadrile. In 1941, when Romanian forces joined the German invasion of Russia, three of these squadrons, together with a squadron of He-112Bs, were attached to Lufflotte 4 to support Romanian troops in Bessarabia and later in the Ukraine. At the end of 1941, the P.24s and He-112s were replaced with Bf-109Es.

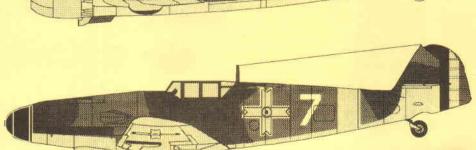
Romanian Emils flew in southern Russia throughout 1942 in support of Romanian Ju-87s and Ju-88s. The course of battle weakened the strength of the air contingent and when the Soviet counteroffensive began at Stalingrad, the initial attacks fell squarely on the weakened Axis units fighting with the Germans. In early 1943 the four Eskadrile in the USSR were reinforced, with 70 new Gustavs from Luftwaffe stocks. The Emils were withdrawn and retired to coastal duties, replacing the Hurricanes of 53 Eskadrila on the Black Sea patrol.

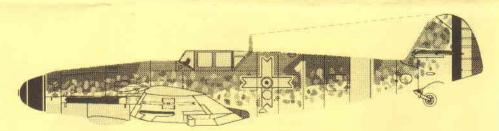
In 1939 Britain supplied twelve Hurricane Mk.I to Romania for political reasons. These aircraft were assigned to 53 Squadron in 1940, and from early 1941 they flew coastal defense patrols over the Black Sea. During Barbarossa, the Hurricanes flew some bomber escort sorties, but any Messerschmitt they came across would try to shoot them down. This limited their usefulness, and they soon returned to coastal patrol, flying from Mamaia until the unit was re-equipped with Bf-109Gs, in 1943. At that time the aircraft were withdrawn, and their Merlins made their way into Vosper patrol boats, once again patrolling the Black Sea.

The LA.R.80 was Romania's only indigenous fighter. Between 1940 and 1943 some 175 fighter versions were built at Brasov, with another 260 LA.R81 dive-bomber aircraft. These aircraft were based in Romania throughout the war, dedicated to protecting the vital oilfields. By the time of Operation Tidal Wave, the LA.R.s were concentrated into the 3 Air Corps, and shot down some of the 54 B-24s destroyed over Ploesti on 1 August, 1943.

The Bf-109Gs arrived in early 1943, and formed four Eskadrile based at Mariupol, in the Ukraine. Attached to I Fliegerkorps, they flew operations against the Soviets throughout 1943, until by February 1944 losses had reduced the strength of the contingent to one Eskadrila, flying perhaps 15 aircraft from Sai, in the Crimea. By then home defence had become a priority, with the oilfields getting increasing attention from the USAAF, and the remaining aircraft were recalled to Romania.

In August 1944, Soviet forces crossed into Romania. At that time there were some 195 LA.R.80s and Bf-109Gs operational, but on 23 August Romania surrendered, and the remaining aircraft were remarked with the pre-war roundel and began operations against the Germans. Both types continued to serve until 1947, when they were replaced with Soviet aircraft.





Information on Romanian aircraft can be found in the following places:

Air Enthusiast (Magazine), June 1971 v1n1

P.Z.L. P.24 Polish Aircraft, Putnam

Profile Publications #170, PZL P.24
I.A.R. 80 "Polish Profile" TBU No.133 on the I.A.R. 80

Air International, May 1990, v38n5 US Quarterly, IPMS USA, Spring 1985, v20n3 Sky Warriors Premiere issue, (Modelaid, 1990) Bf-109

Squadron/Signal "Messerschmitt Bf-109 in Action" Pt.2,

"Polish Profile" TBU No_151 on the Bf-109E

Warplanes of the Third Reich,
Hurricane Scale Aircraft Modelling, Aug

Scale Aircraft Modelling, Aug 1990, v11 n12 Air International, May 1988, v34n5 Squadron Signal "Hurricane in Action"