

Lockheed RT-33

SW 72113 scale:1/72



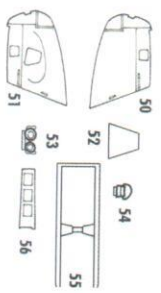
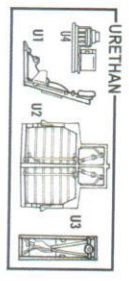
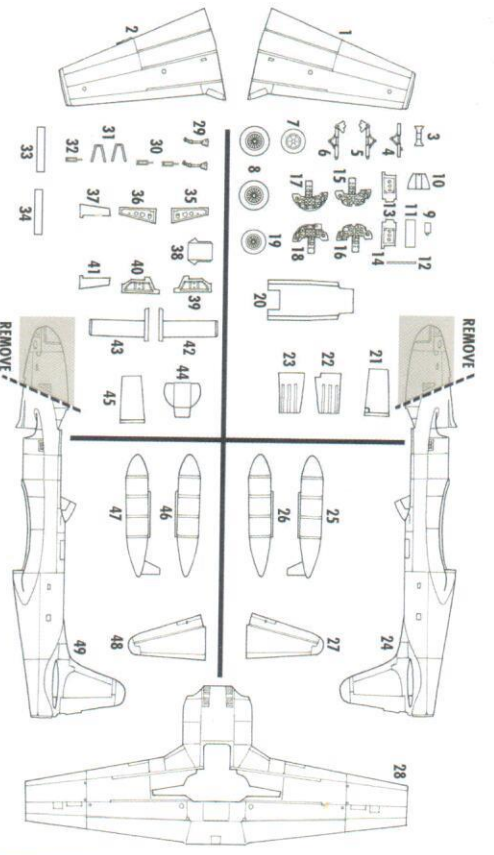
The airplane had its origin in June 1943, when Lockheed was requested to design a fighter around the De Havilland turbojet engine developed in England in response to Germany's twin-engine jet fighter, the Messerschmitt Me 262. It was flown for the first time on January 8, 1944, and its performance was very good. The USAAF planned to build the Shooting Star in large numbers. However, only few of the machines arrived in Italy before the end of the war in Europe, and these were never used in operations. Anyway production continued, but in smaller scale.

In 1947 P-80 changed its name to F-80, because newly independent USAF redesignated F (as fighter) to P (as pursuit).

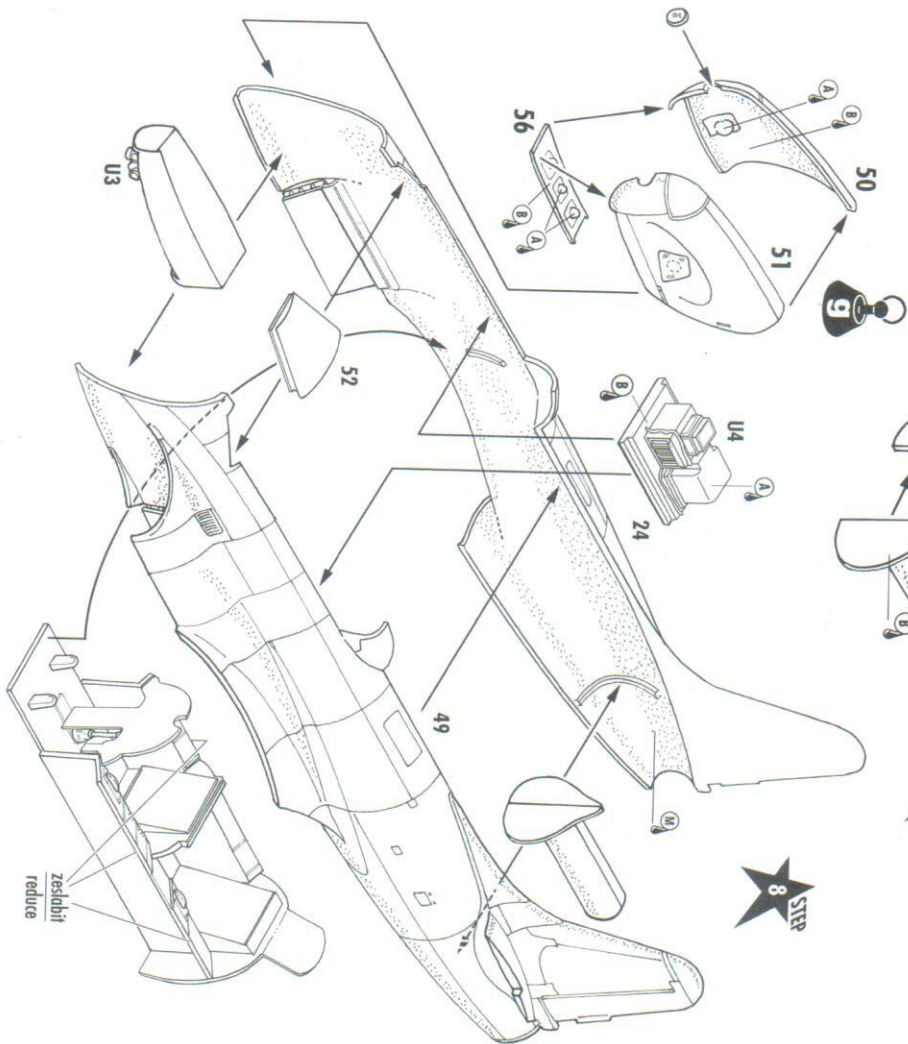
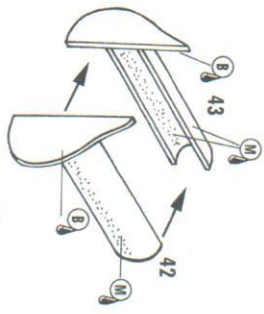
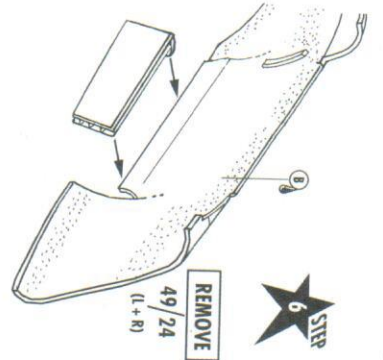
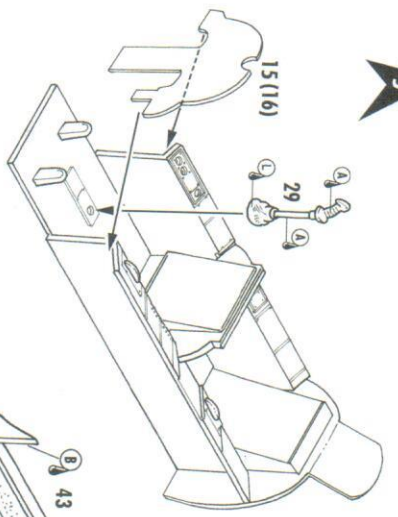
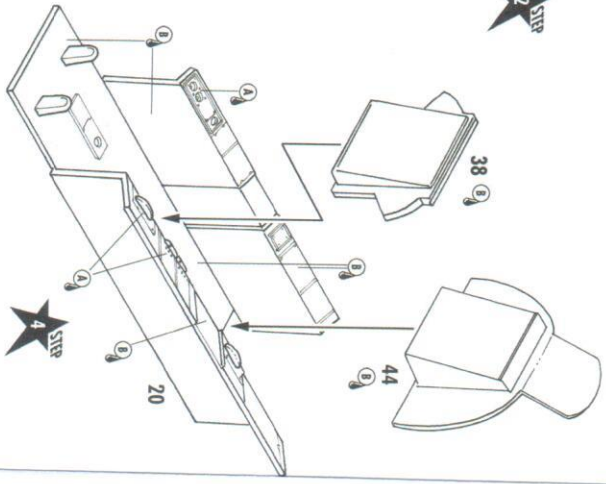
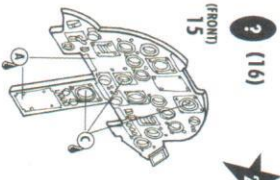
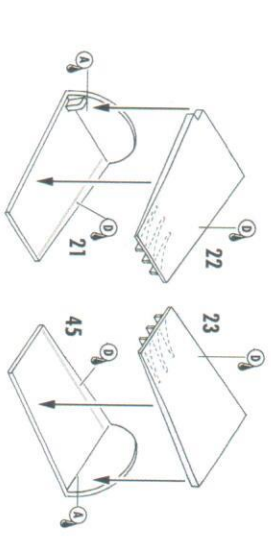
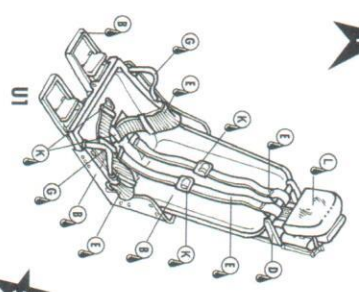
Lockheed built 917 F-80A's and B's, one of which was modified for an attempt on the world speed record. On June 19, 1947, this plane achieved a speed of 623.8 miles per hour. Some of these modifications were retained in the F-80C, 798 of which were produced in 1948 and 1949. F-80C had an ejection seat and explosive canopy ejection system. When war started in Korea, F-80's were sent to the battle area to help the South Koreans. On November 10, 1950, Lieutenant Russell Brown, flying a Shooting Star, made history when he destroyed a Russian MiG-15 fighter in the world's first decisive all-jet combat. However during later stages of war, P-80Cs were used in ground attack role, being superseded by F-84 and F-86.

Specification

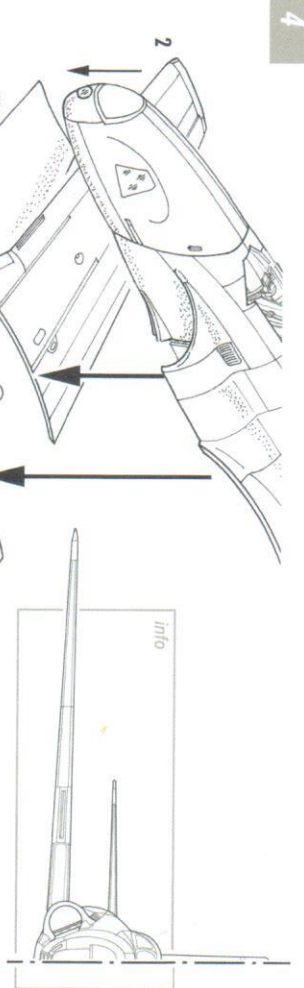
The Shooting Star was a single-engine single-seat turbojet fighter capable of speeds beyond 500 miles per hour. The system was armed with a standard array of 6 x 12.7mm .50 caliber machine guns. Provision for drop bombs and air-to-surface rockets would also be added to the armament capabilities.



- BARVA/COLOR**
- A Čierna/Black
 - B Interferová zelená/Zinc chromate
 - C Stříbrná/Silver
 - D Hliníková/Aluminium
 - E Světlá šedá/Light grey
 - F Červená/Red
 - G Žlutá/Yellow
 - H Zelená/Green
 - I Černá šedá/Tyre Black
 - J Špinavý hliník/Dirty Aluminium
 - K Chromová/Chrome
 - L Hnědá/Brown
 - M Kovová/Gun metal
- DRAWINGS: MA 2009**

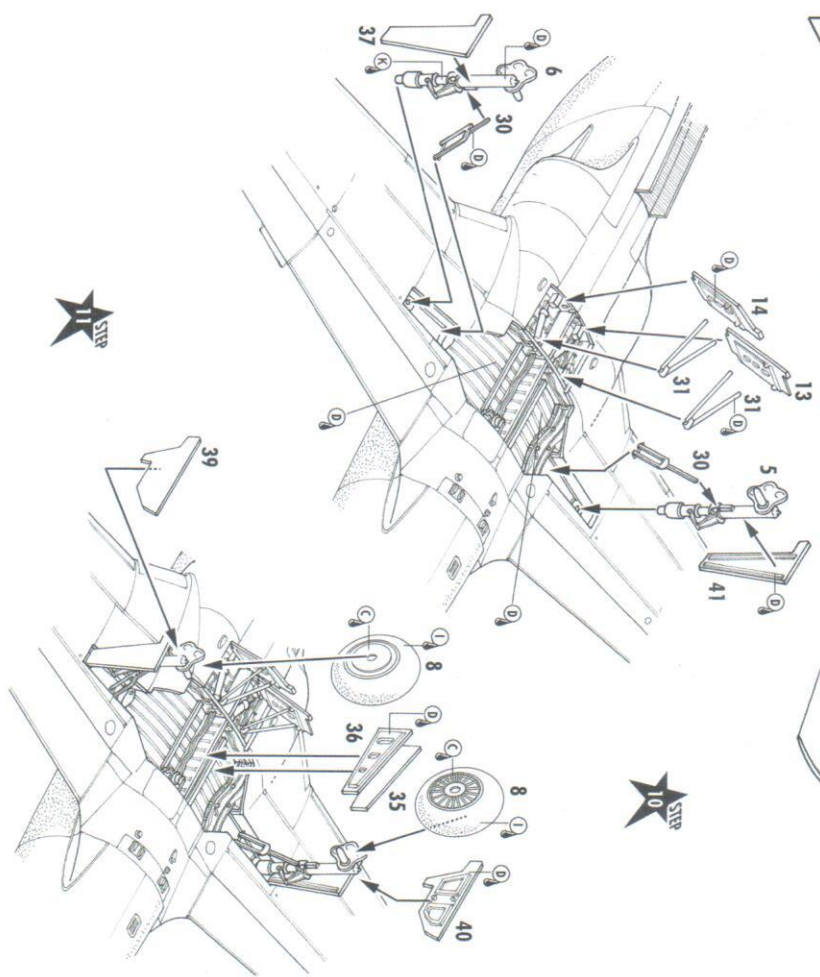


zastříbiti
reduce

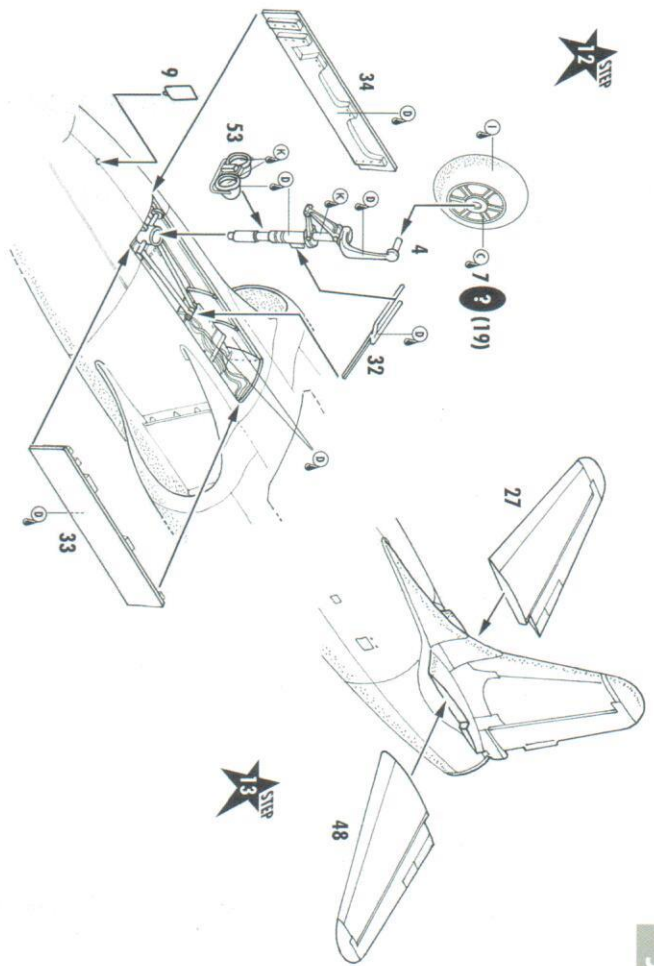


STEP 9

STEP 10

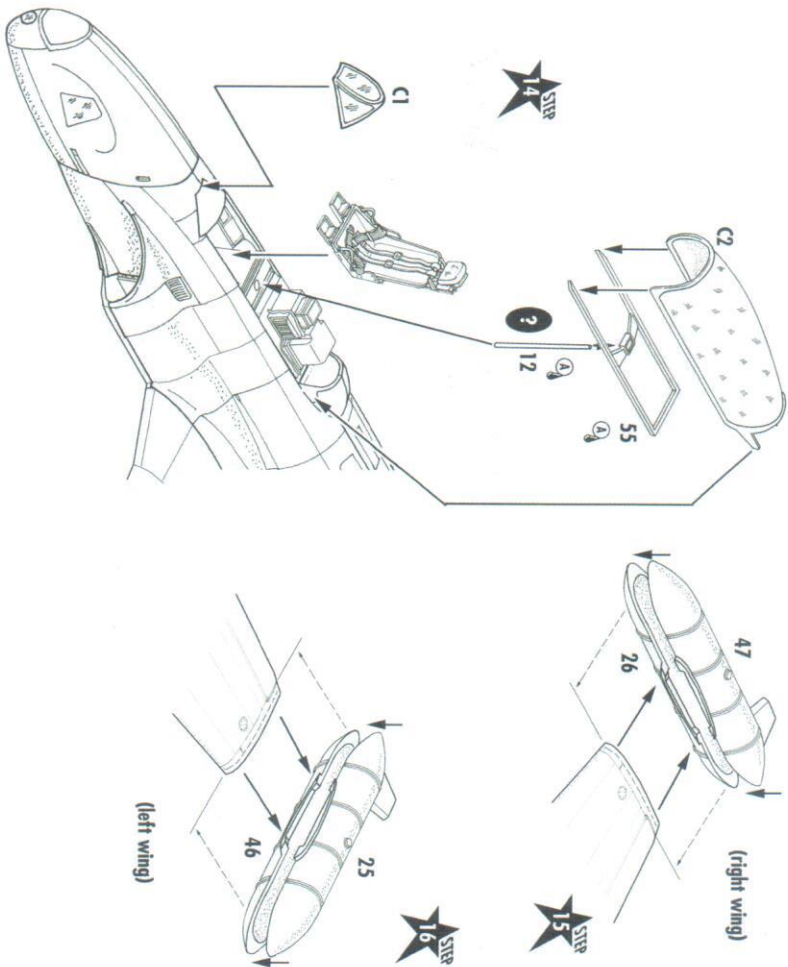


STEP 11



STEP 12

STEP 13



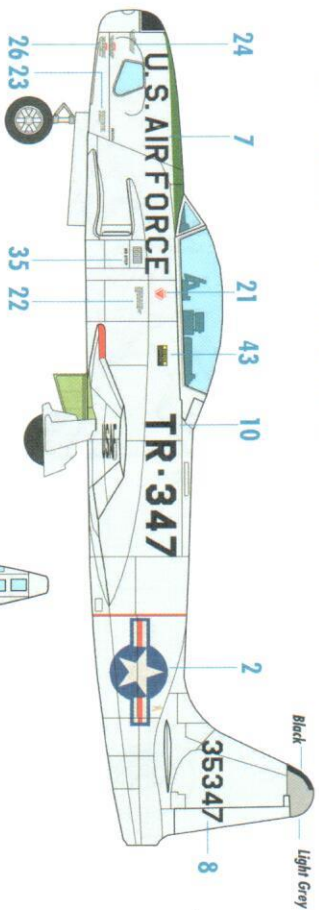
STEP 14

STEP 15

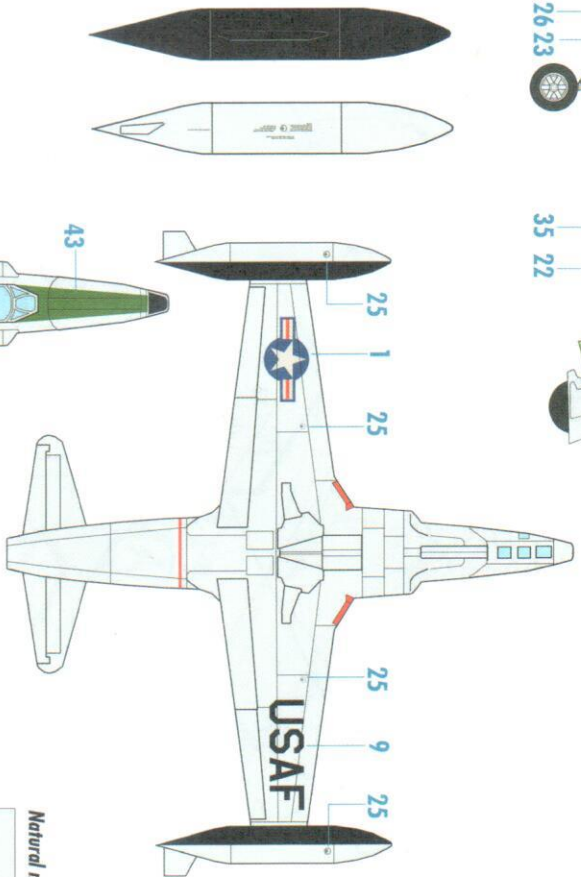
STEP 16

(left wing)

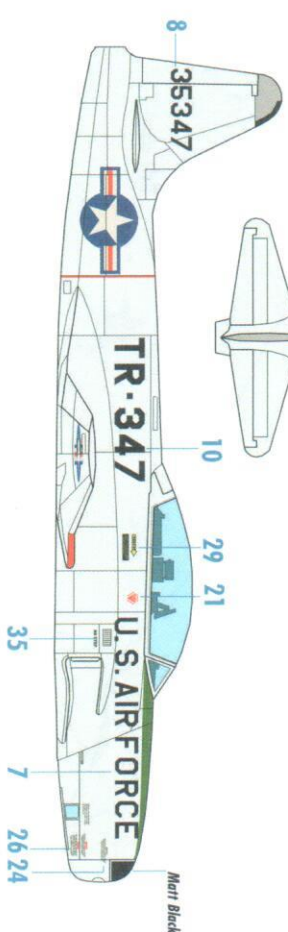
(right wing)



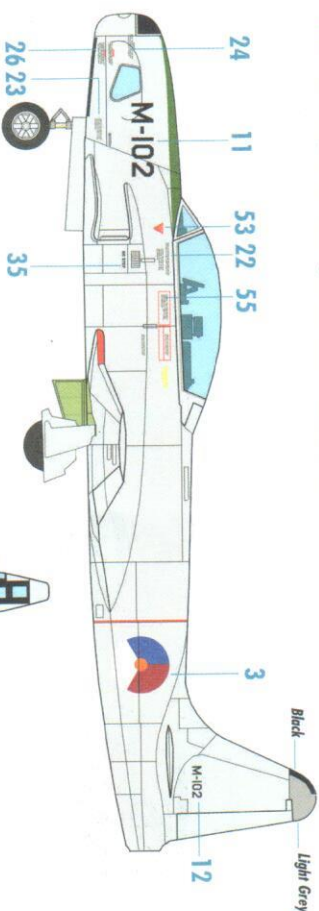
Black
Light Grey



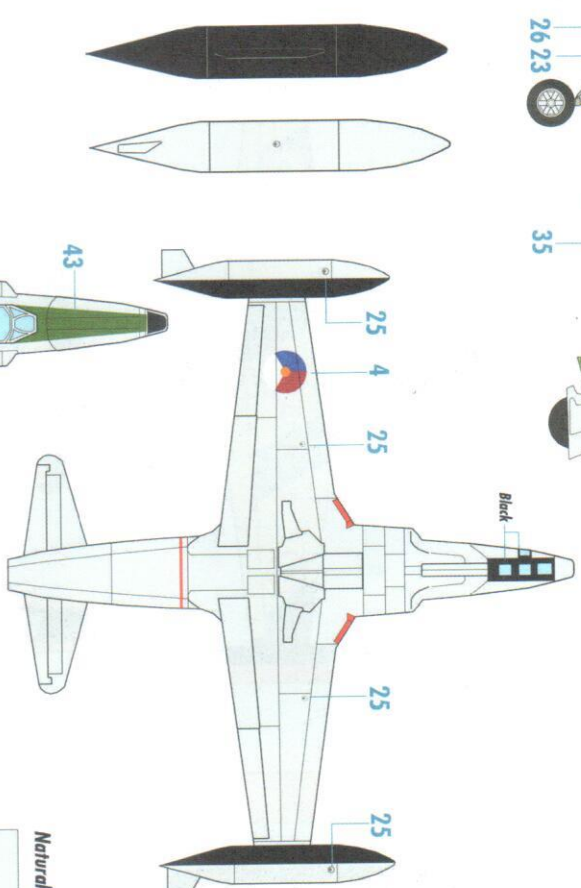
Natural metal
Matt Black



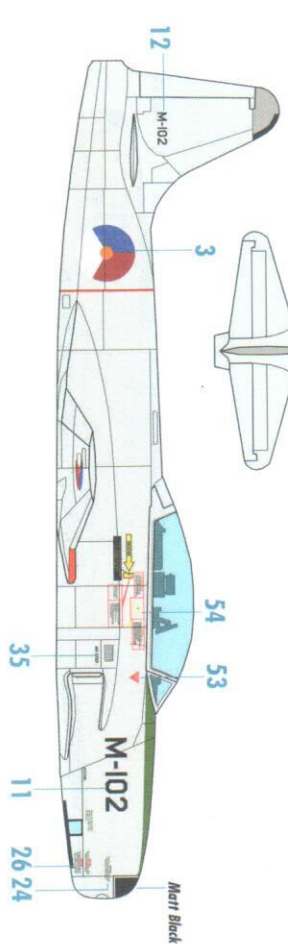
Matt Black



Black
Light Grey



Natural metal
Matt Black



Matt Black

