

F O R D

LOUISVILLE LINE

LN-8000 "Shorthauler"



STOCK No. 6460
Form No. 099-6460

Sheet 1 of 2

The 1970 Ford introduced the new L-Series, LOUISVILLE LINE trucks. The L-Series was designed for the place where they were built, Louisville, home of Ford's brand new Kentucky Truck Plant which was the largest facility of its kind in the world at the time.

The LOUISVILLE LINE of trucks featured 650 different "systems-engineered" models from LNs, single-axle conventionals like this "shorthauler" model you are building, to LNTs, tandem tractors with a GVW of up to 54,000 pounds.

The chassis of the new L-Series featured lighter, stronger frames; the wide-track front axles had up to 20,000 pounds capacity; the new dual-circuit brakes were both hydraulic and air operated.

The newly designed cabs, built by Budd, were high mounted to accommodate larger engines; interiors were designed using the latest in ergonomic (human factor) science, the instrument panel was hinged to facilitate service; and the L-Line windshield, with 1,515 square inches, was the largest windshield made by any manufacturer.

The truck hood, with integral fenders and grille, was built of steel-reinforced fiberglass. The hood



was designed to tilt forward for engine access.

The 10 Ford-built gasoline engines for the new L-Series were the same as for previous models but the number of diesel engines offered were expanded to 20 models with up to 335 horsepower.

The L-Line was offered with three different BBC (bumper to back-of-cab) dimensions: 93.3 inches on the LN- and LNT- 800-9000 models; 95.3 inches on the LN-500-750 models; and 105.3 inches on the L-, LN-, and LTS-800-9000 models.

IMPORTANT

Before you begin to assemble your model kit, study the instructions carefully. This will help you to familiarize yourself with the parts and their locations as you proceed. Prior to cementing parts together, be sure to "TEST FIT" them in order to assure proper alignment and also to check for excess "FLASH" that may occur along parting lines. Use a sharp hobby knife or file to remove flash if necessary.

If you wish to paint your model, various sub-assemblies and components should be painted before any parts are attached. During assembly, you may note that the recommended color is stated after the part name.

This model kit is molded from the finest high-impact styrene plastic. Use only paints and cements which are specifically formulated for styrene. Read all labels and warnings carefully.

Because the cement will only adhere to bare plastic, it is necessary to remove any paint or "plating" from the area to which the cement is to be applied.

BUILDING TIPS FOR THE ADVANCED MODELER

For the best possible finish, your kit should be painted, even if molded in color. Paint should be applied evenly, in several thin coats rather than one heavy coat. The first coat should not completely cover the surface. Each layer should be allowed to thoroughly dry before the next is applied. Also, each coat should be "wet sanded", except for the final coat, using No.1200 wet or dry sandpaper which is slightly damp. Be careful not to remove any detail while sanding.

It is important to keep your hands clean when working with your model and wash parts thoroughly before painting to remove any mold release agent that may have been used during manufacture, body oil from your hands, sanding residue, and dust, which is naturally attracted to plastic by static electricity. Use a mild solution of dishwashing detergent and water. A tack rag should be used to dry the parts, DO NOT use paper towels or tissues, since they will leave lint on the part.

Parting lines and glue joints should be sanded or filed prior to painting and cementing. Because paint has a tendency to draw away from sharp edges, they should be lightly filed. Use filler putty designed for plastic to fill small gaps that may occur between parts and to blend contours. This should be done only after the first, or "primer," coat of paint is applied.

When painting a two-tone body, the lightest color should be painted first. Use frosted, or "magic," tape to mask off the area you do not want painted. After the second color is dry to the touch, the tape can be removed. Use a very fine brush to touch up edges if necessary. If decals are to be added, do so before adding any gloss coat. A gloss coat will help even out the edges between the two colors as well as set the decals.

RECOMMENDED TOOLS

HOBBY KNIFE

Use a sharp hobby knife to remove parts from the trees. The knife may also be used to remove parting lines and flash.



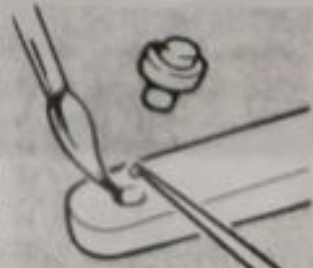
TWEEZERS

Use tweezers to hold small parts during assembly, painting and when applying cement.



BRUSH

We recommend the use of liquid polystyrene cement. Apply with a fine brush. Use sparingly or a sloppy job will result.



READ ALL LABELS AND WARNINGS CAREFULLY

We take great pride in providing the finest model kits available, giving strong attention to detail and craftsmanship. Should you have any difficulty with assembly or missing parts, please call the appropriate number listed below between the hours of 8:00 am to 4:30 pm central time, Monday through Friday.

In the U.S.A. call toll free

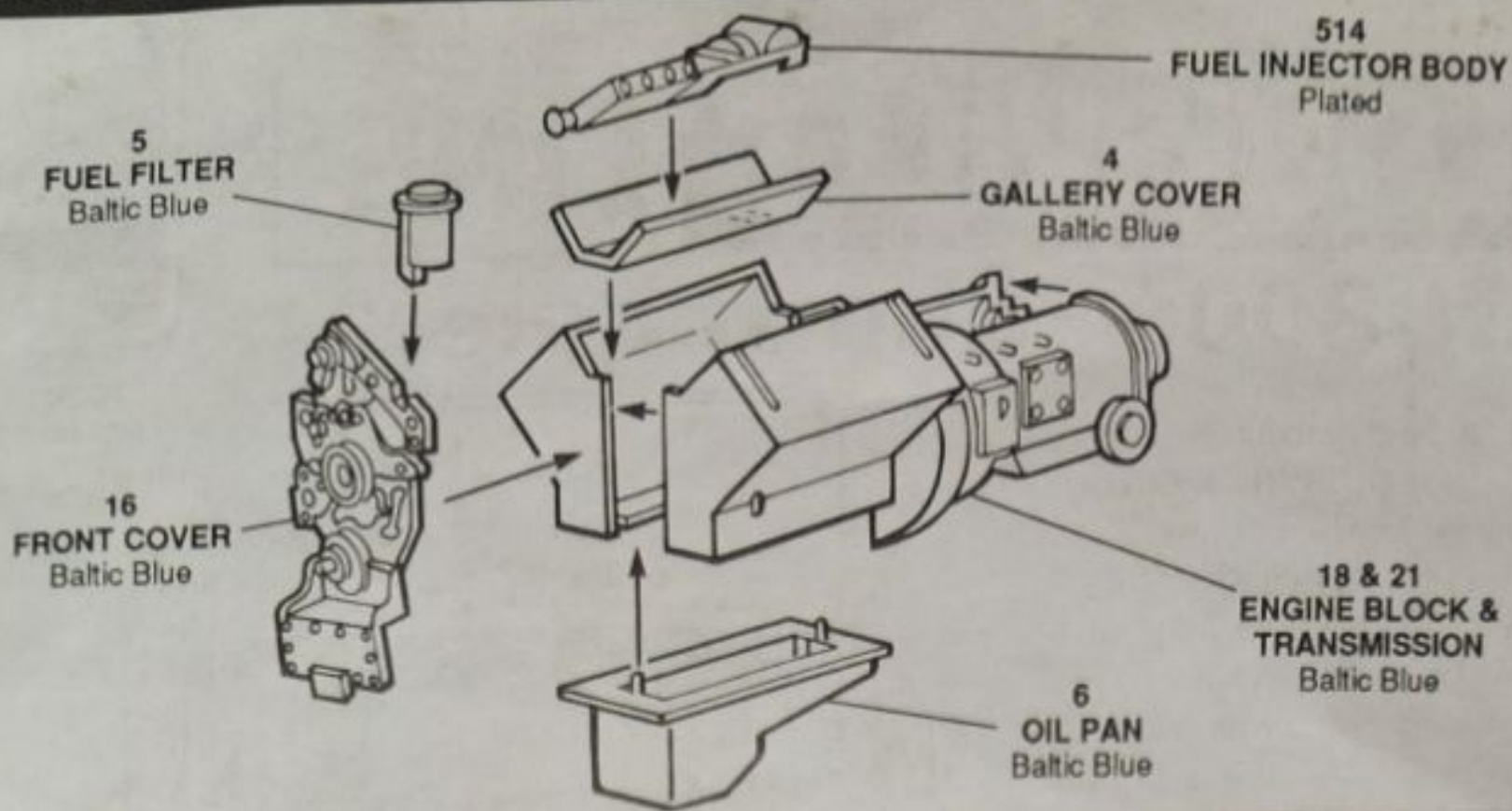
800 - 553 - 4886

Outside of the United States call

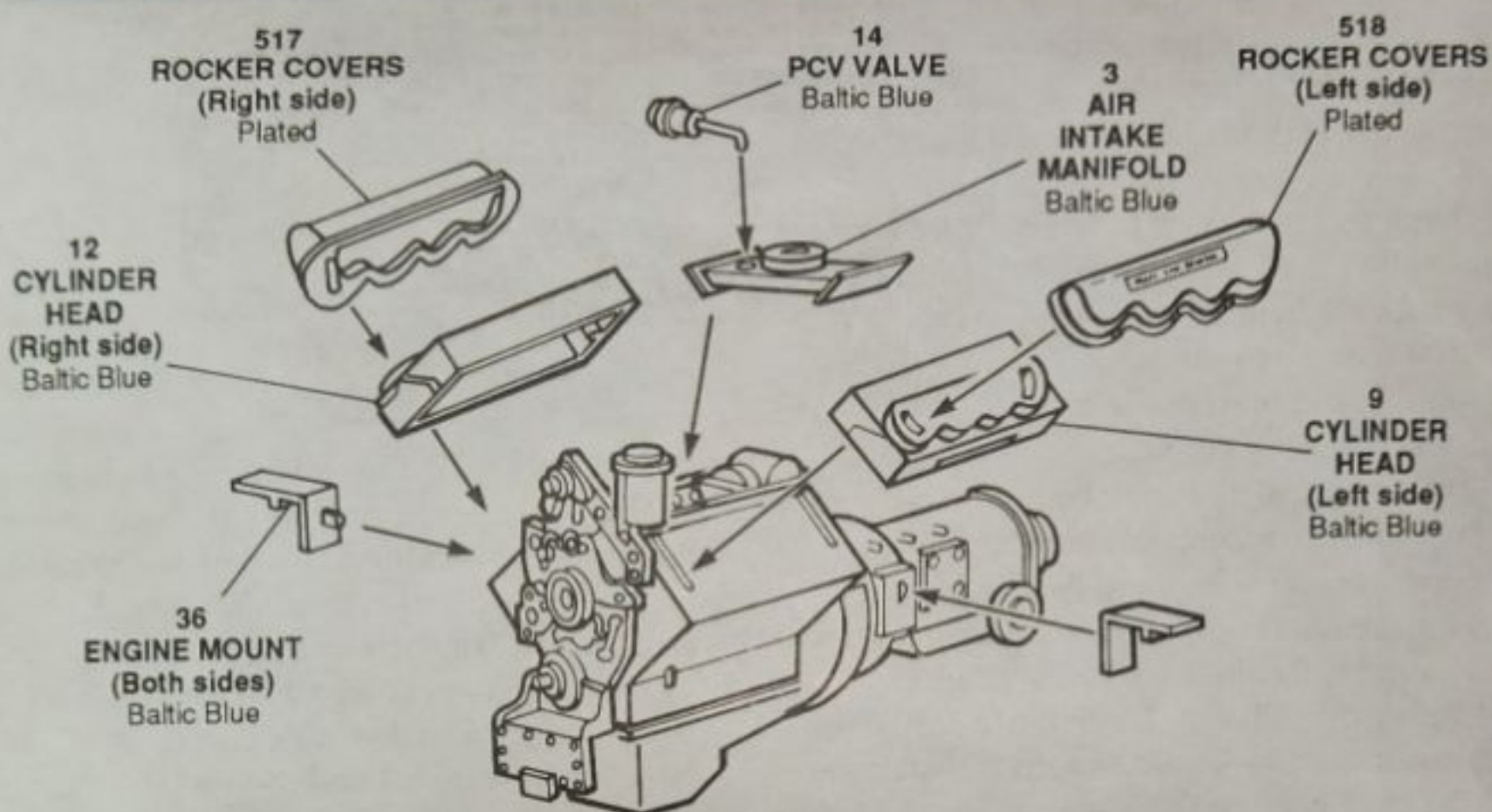
1 - 319 - 875 - 2000

When in the Midwest, please visit the ERTL Company for a tour of the AMT production facilities, 10am & 1pm weekdays. Reservations suggested.

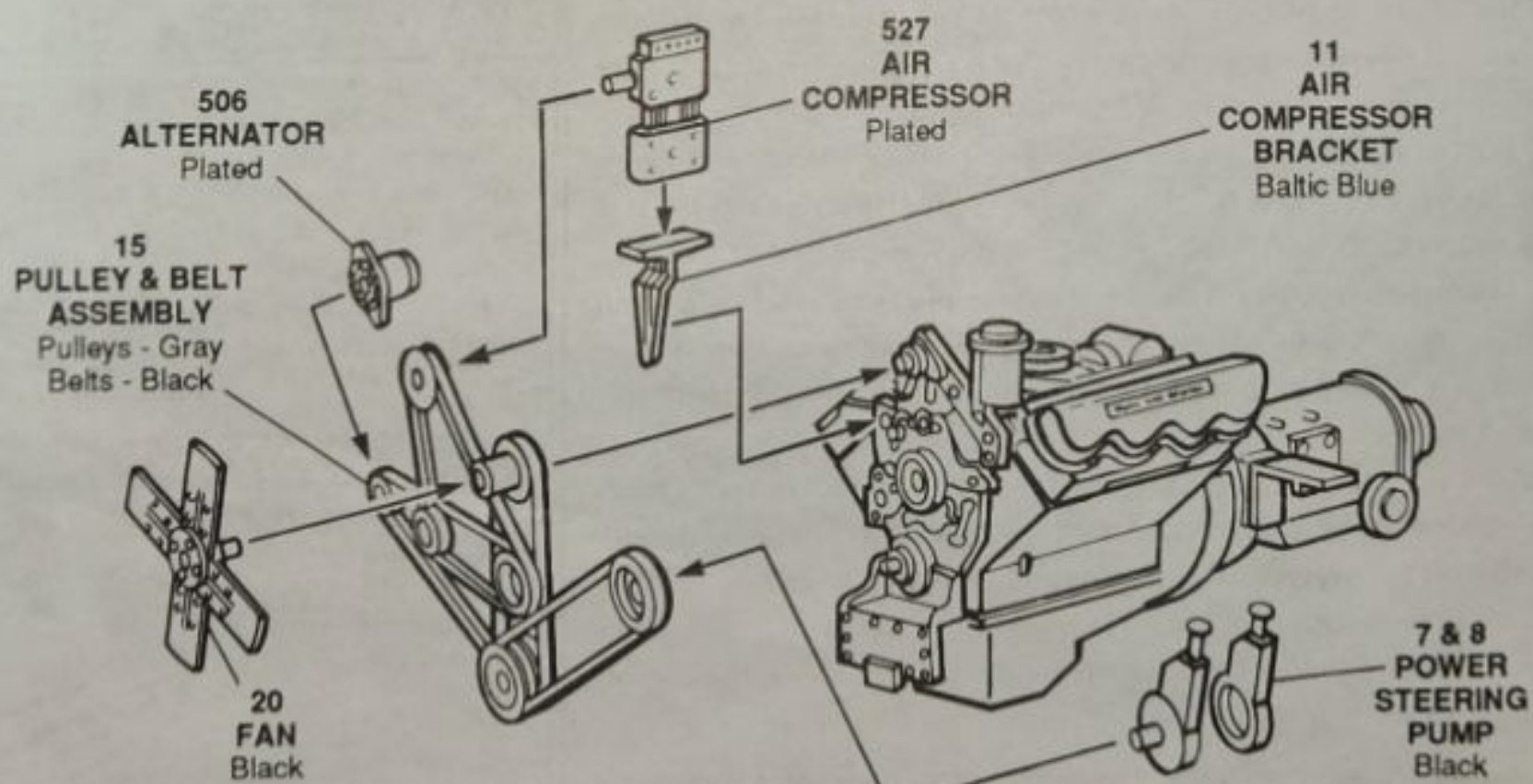
1 ENGINE BLOCK & TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY



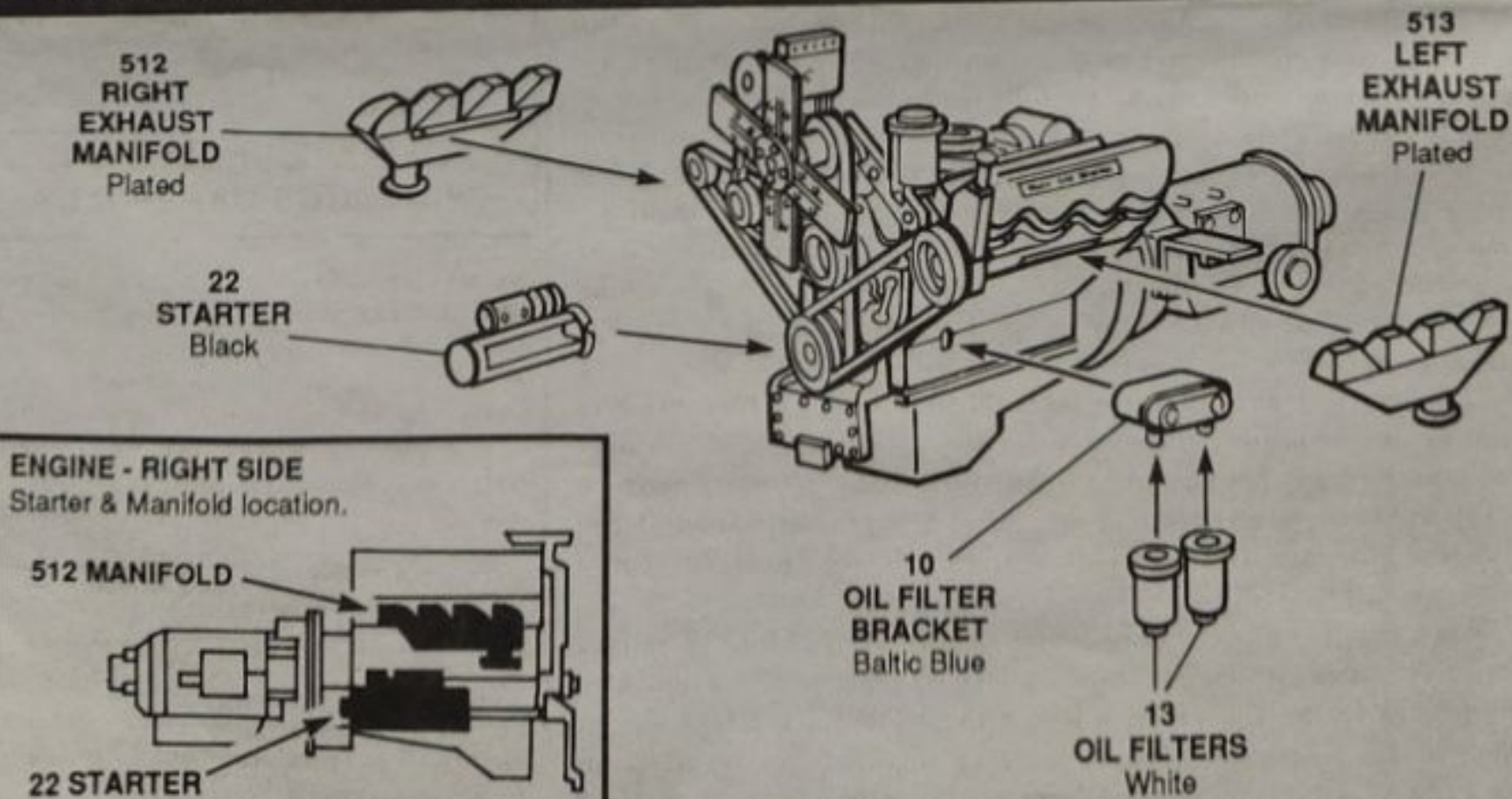
2 ENGINE CYLINDER HEAD & ACCESSORIES ASSEMBLY



3 ENGINE ACCESSORIES ASSEMBLY



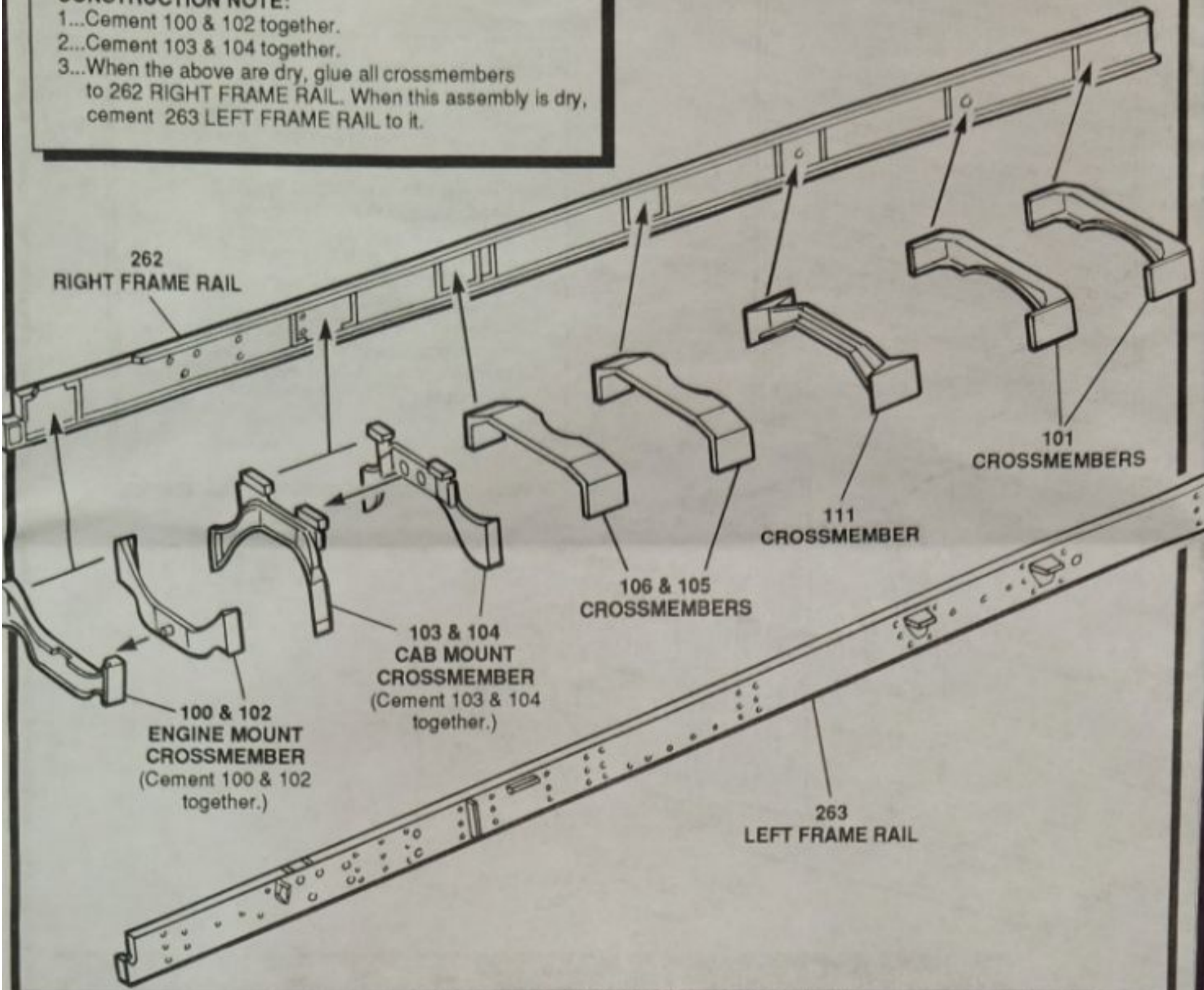
4 ENGINE ACCESSORIES ASSEMBLY



5 TRUCK FRAME ASSEMBLY

CONSTRUCTION NOTE:

- 1...Cement 100 & 102 together.
- 2...Cement 103 & 104 together.
- 3...When the above are dry, glue all crossmembers to 262 RIGHT FRAME RAIL. When this assembly is dry, cement 263 LEFT FRAME RAIL to it.



6 WHEEL & TIRE ASSEMBLY

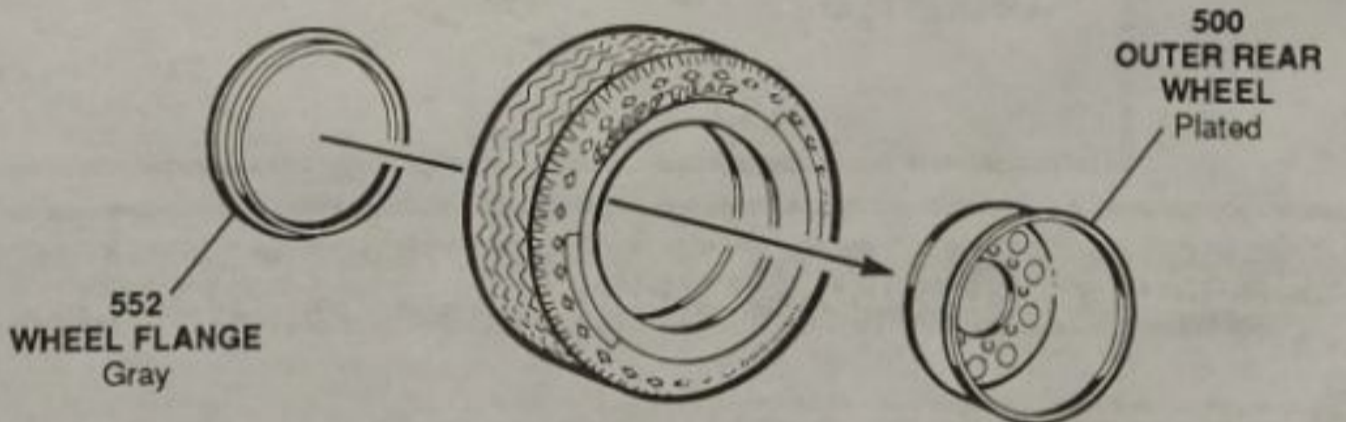
FRONT WHEEL & TIRE ASSEMBLY

NOTE: Make two of these assemblies.



OUTER REAR WHEEL & TIRE ASSEMBLY

NOTE: Make two of these assemblies.



INNER REAR WHEEL & TIRE ASSEMBLY

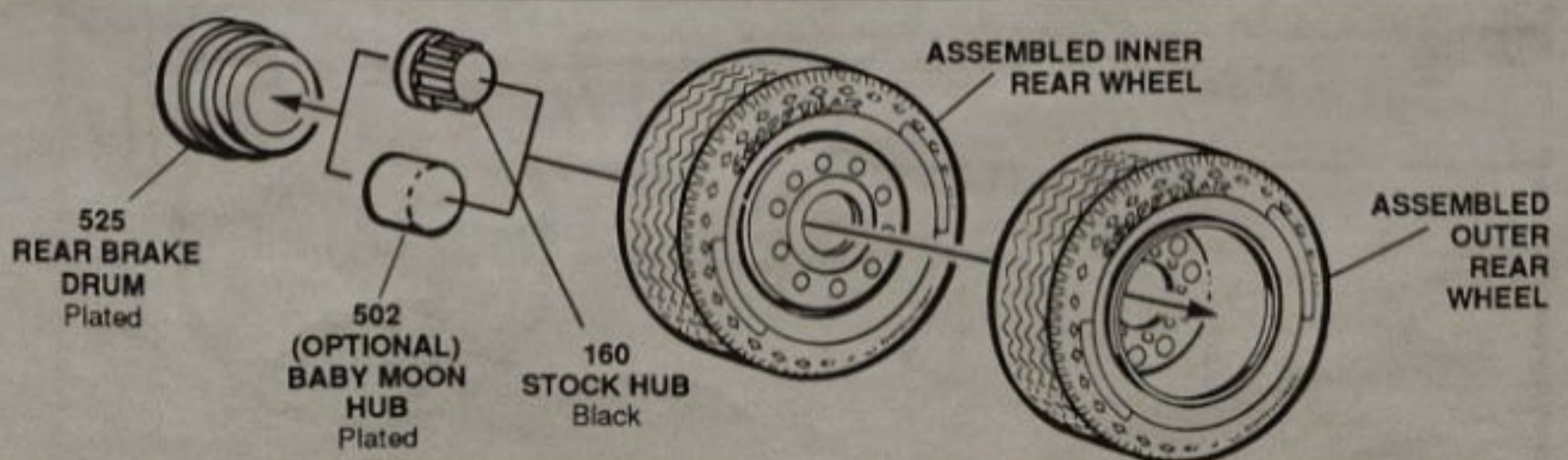
NOTE: Make two of these assemblies.



7 REAR WHEEL & BRAKE DRUM ASSEMBLY

CONSTRUCTION NOTE:

- 1...Cement 525 & 502 (or 160) together. Allow assembly to dry.
- 2...Apply cement to hub and install the ASSEMBLED INNER REAR WHEEL followed by the ASSEMBLED OUTER REAR WHEEL.

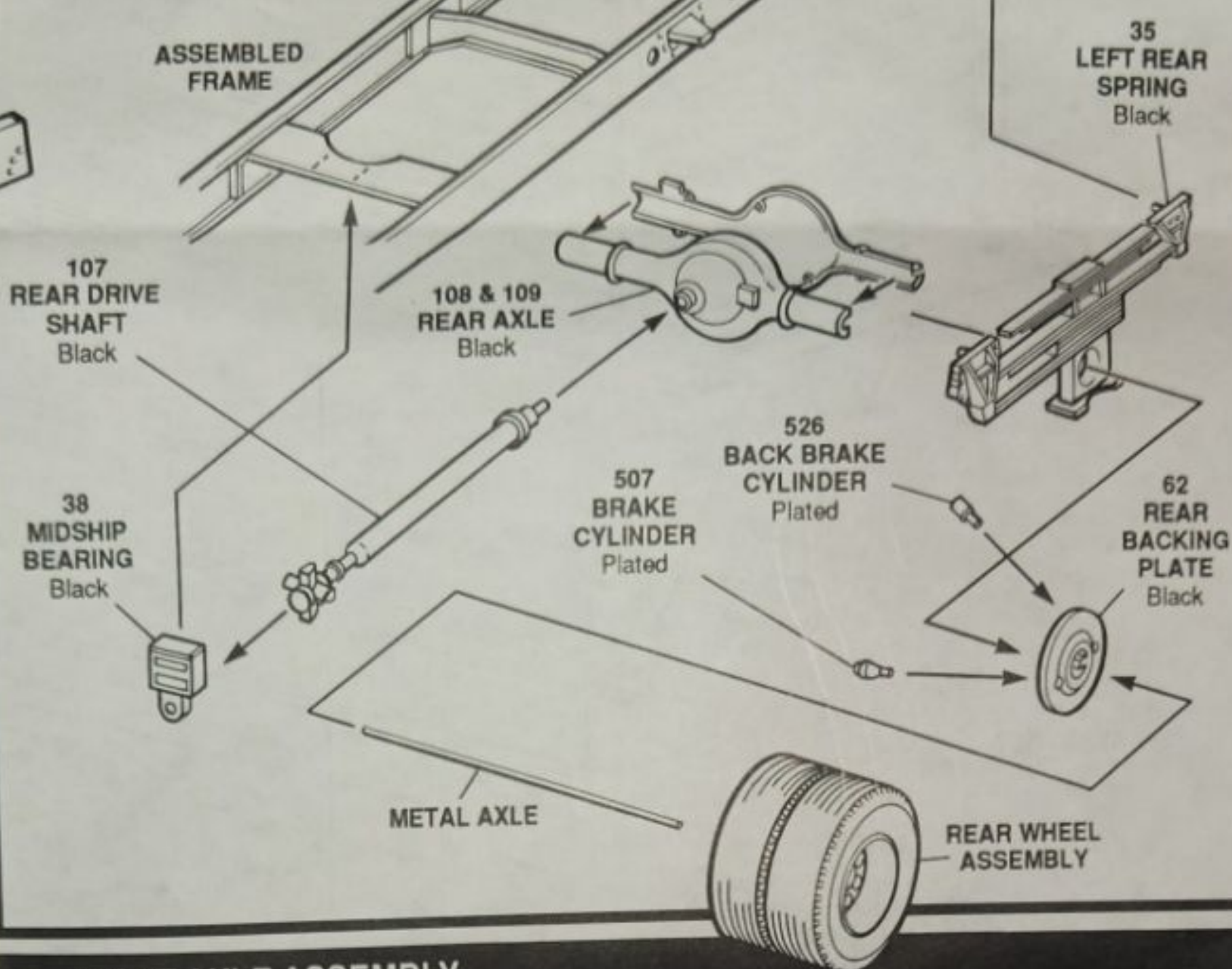


8 REAR AXLE ASSEMBLY

CONSTRUCTION NOTE:

Left side shown. Assemble right side in same manner using RIGHT REAR SPRING 40.

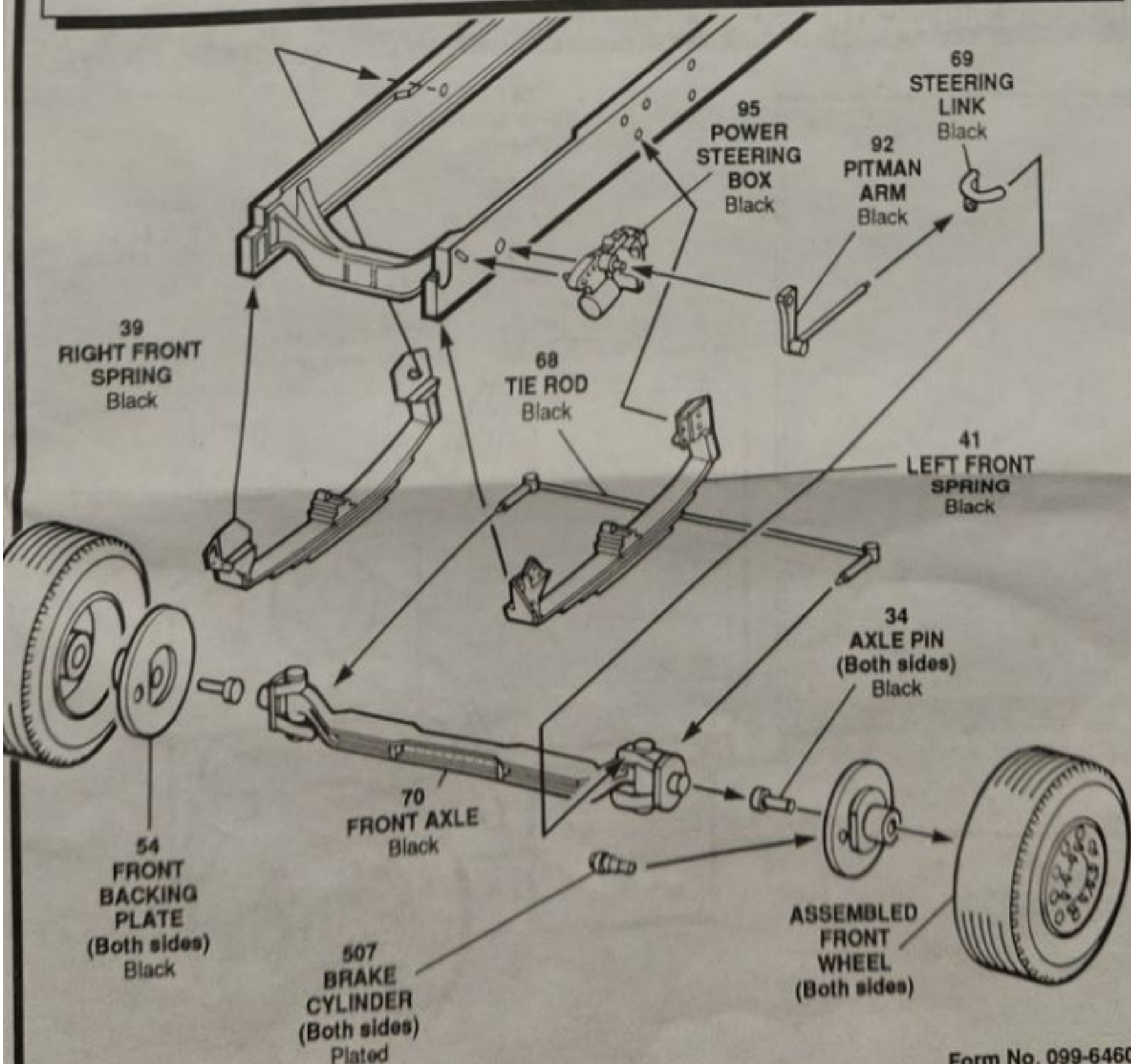
- 1...Cement REAR AXLE HOUSING halves 108 & 109 together.
- 2...When step 1 is dry, insert AXLE HOUSING through the holes in the REAR SPRINGS 35(right) & 40(left). Do not cement.
- 3...Cement BRAKE CYLINDERS 526 & 507 to BACKING PLATE 62 as shown. Make 2 of these assemblies.
- 4...When step 3 is dry, cement a REAR BACKING HOUSING assembly to each end of the REAR AXLE HOUSING.
- 5...Cement MIDSHIP BEARING 38 into position.
- 6...Cement REAR DRIVESHAFT 107 into position.
- 7...Insert METAL AXLE through the AXLE HOUSING and install the REAR WHEELS.



9 FRONT AXLE ASSEMBLY

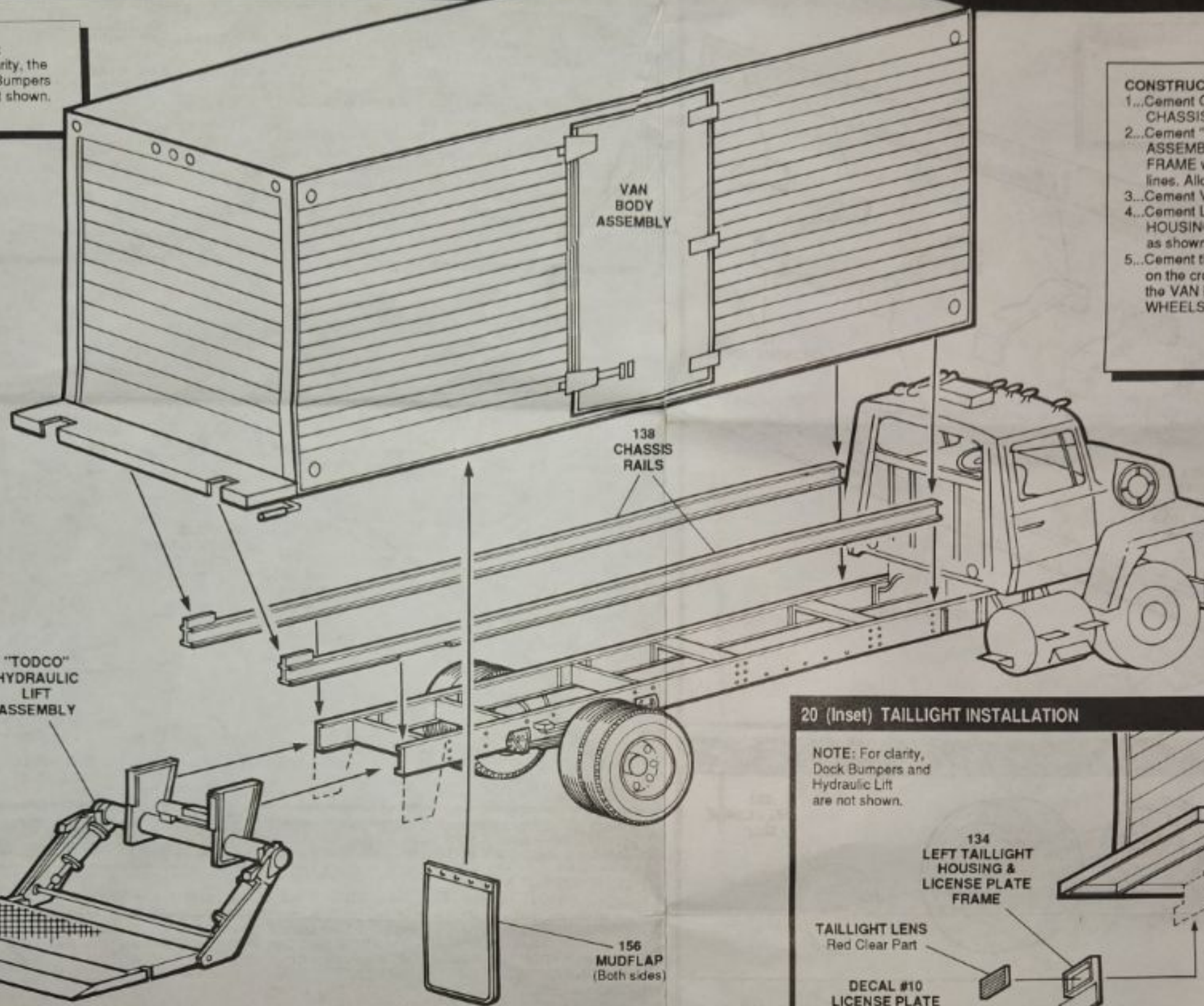
CONSTRUCTION NOTE:

- 1...Drop the AXLE PINS 34 into BACKING PLATES. Put a small drop of glue on the end of the AXLE PINS where they stick into the BACKING PLATES (don't get any glue on the BACKING PLATES). Push BACKING PLATES and AXLE PINS onto back sides of FRONT WHEEL ASSEMBLIES.
- 2...Cement BRAKE CYLINDERS 507 (Left) and 39 (Right) to frame.
- 3...Cement FRONT SPRINGS 41 (Left) and 39 (Right) to frame.
- 4...Cement TIE ROD 68 to FRONT AXLE 70.
- 5...Cement FRONT AXLE 70 to bottoms of FRONT SPRINGS. Match notches on SPRINGS with tabs on AXLES.
- 6...Cement POWER STEERING BOX 95 to FRAME.
- 7...Cement PITMAN ARM 92 into position on POWER STEERING BOX.
- 8...Cement STEERING LINK 69 into position on PITMAN ARM and FRONT AXLE.
- 9...Cement WHEEL & BACKING PLATE ASSEMBLIES to FRONT AXLE ends. Be careful not to get cement on the AXLE PINS.



20 FINAL COMPONENT ASSEMBLY

NOTE:
For clarity, the
Dock Bumpers
are not shown.

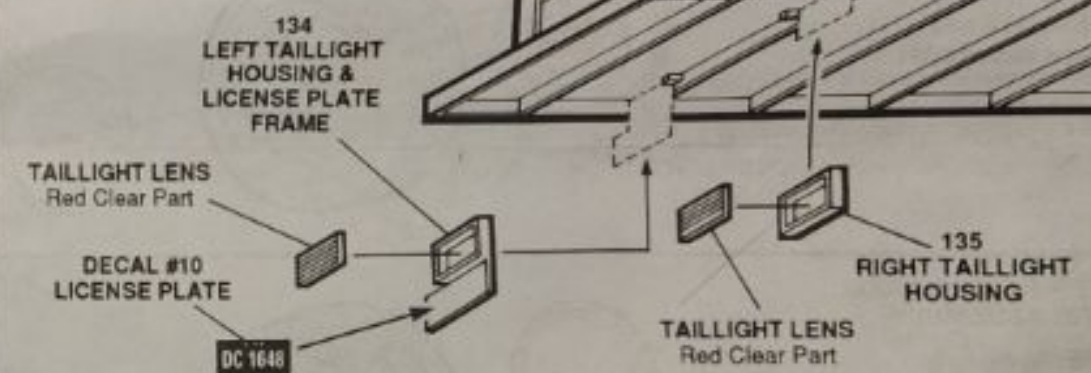


CONSTRUCTION NOTE:

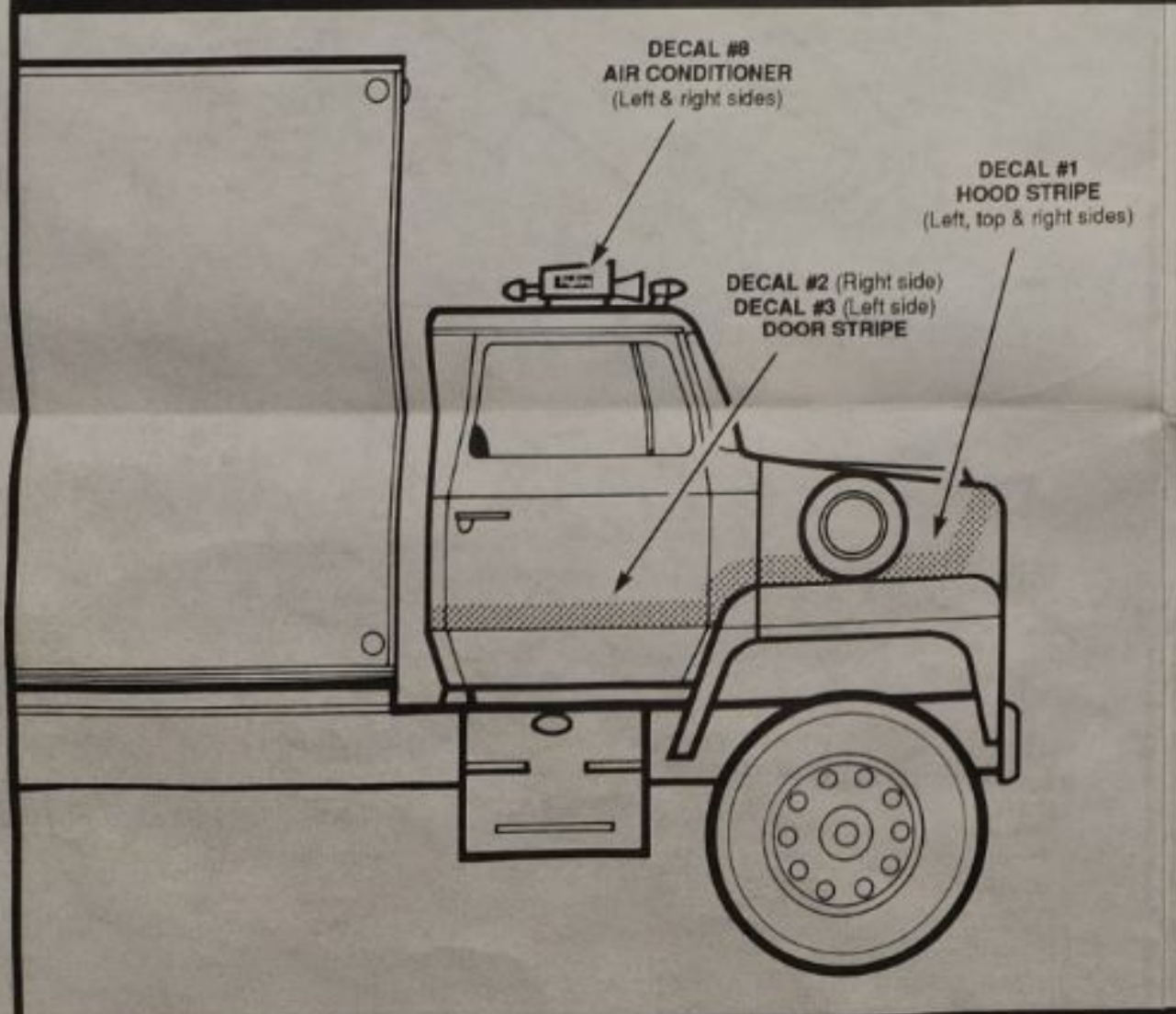
- 1...Cement CHASSIS RAILS to the tops of CHASSIS FRAME and allow to dry.
- 2...Cement "TODCO" HYDRAULIC LIFT ASSEMBLY to the ends of the CHASSIS FRAME where indicated by the dashed lines. Allow to dry.
- 3...Cement VAN BODY to CHASSIS RAILS.
- 4...Cement LEFT & RIGHT TAILLIGHT HOUSINGS to the ribs under the floor as shown in the inset drawing.
- 5...Cement the MUDFLAPS into position on the crossmember on the underside of the VAN BODY behind the REAR WHEELS.

20 (Inset) TAILLIGHT INSTALLATION

NOTE: For clarity,
Dock Bumpers and
Hydraulic Lift
are not shown.



21 DECAL APPLICATION - OPTION 1



21 DECAL APPLICATION - OPTION 2

